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**Istanbul and Contemporary** 

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## Islamic Art The notion of Contemporary Islamic Art is challenging for many

people. For some the very word 'Contemporary' has certain connotations of vulgarity or obscurity; for others the term 'Islamic Art' is politicized. **Share:** 

space were used in sculpture towards similar ends. 'Contemporary Art' is post-modern in the sense that it moves beyond both the timeline of Western Art History from Renaissance naturalism to modern abstraction where line/color is the subject matter and instead into something which both brings back a multiplicity of themes, subjects, styles and media but also looks towards the 'global'. To be at the center of Contemporary Art means to be in a place where the visual arts, new media, film, architecture and design all figure prominently and thrive; a brief look at leading art magazines such as Art in America or Artforum suggest a fluid world of all of these with a healthy dose of fashion and style

thrown in. New York City still figures prominently in any discussion about the Visual Arts and what is

he term 'Contemporary Art' refers to art being produced now and using a variety of forms,

styles and media. Modern Art's hallmark was using line and color in painting to move away

from a naturalistic goal and towards an eventual extreme of minimal abstraction; form and

happening now- a place it has held on to since at least the end of WWII when Paris was recovering from a German occupation. London has had a vibrant scene for decades and is an international crossroads for both artistic production and larger exposure. Other factors which make a city a hub for Contemporary Art include a functioning commercial gallery scene along with (and often at odds against) a thriving and organic counter-culture as well as a breadth of institutions, museums and art schools. 66 Istanbul remains a destination for the Muslim world because of its location, accessibility and beauty. First impressions of the city's visual landscape reverberate minarets and water and there is a collective pride in visiting

historical mosques, palaces and streets that remain so breath-taking.

Certain trends continuously present themselves when discovering a city's art scene. Artists are constantly

looking for affordable work spaces and access to grants and funding. Smaller cities can be alluring in this

regard as can industrial areas and third-world metropolises. Cities with large art scenes like Toronto, Canada have a number of galleries, journals and magazines (and of course artists) but have little to offer that is radically different in terms of culture, perspective and history. European capitals are dynamic but remain places mostly for the local population of artists, writers, filmmakers and designers to work and live in (Berlin may be the exception). Indian cities Bombay and Delhi are important art centers in Asia – but remain too closely tied to the art market and the buying and selling of works in auctions and galleries (and hence a hesitation in sponsoring, producing and promoting more cutting edge media). **Looking for Contemporary Islamic Art** 

What is often described as 'Islamic Art' stretches dynasties, periods and huge swaths of the globe. Key

periods in art and architecture include Andalusian, Persian, Ottoman, Mughal and Deccani. Patterns and

## design in architecture create an aesthetic of non-representational abstraction where line, color, space and light are used to signify the infinity of Allah's universe. This can arguably be described as 'Modern'

hundreds of years before 20th Century Western Modernism. Miniature painting gives prominence to a form of visual story-telling where the narrative unfolds through saturated colors and flattened landscapes - where characters are part of a larger message, theme and universe that mixes history, fiction and fantasy. Simpler, looser rendering gives characters a role as part of the landscape rather than as the sole representational focus of the painting (as was the case in European

One of the interesting developments in cinema over the last 25 years was the rise, critique and then canonization of the Iranian 'New-Wave'. What was first described as a cinematic 'anomaly' was later endlessly written about in the context of politics and the need to 'veil' creative expression; now some of the key figures from that period (eg. Abbas Kiarostami) are firmly cemented as key directors in the history of cinema and a larger breadth of Iranian films covering diverse subject matter and genres are released and distributed globally. This has influenced many non-Western filmmakers (such as in India or Turkey) with a renewed interest in shooting on location in smaller towns or villages and the search for an

authentic naturalism in the performances and settings. However the full influence of the Iranian 'New-

66 Istanbul needs dedicated National Art and Film Institutes that are portfolio

driven (rather than grade and exam based) and which move beyond simply

Wave' is still being felt in the formal approach to traditional or classical Islamic sources.

painting while shooting on location to create a new style both remarkable and influential.

being a department in a University.

Iranian Cinema is important as a new form of Contemporary Islamic Art for a number of reasons; the subject matter which reflects a post-revolution Islamic society is something often cited but it's actually the formal approach – one that mixes aspects of self-reflexive documentary, Persian poetry and miniature

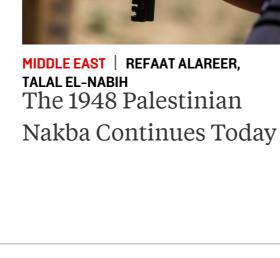
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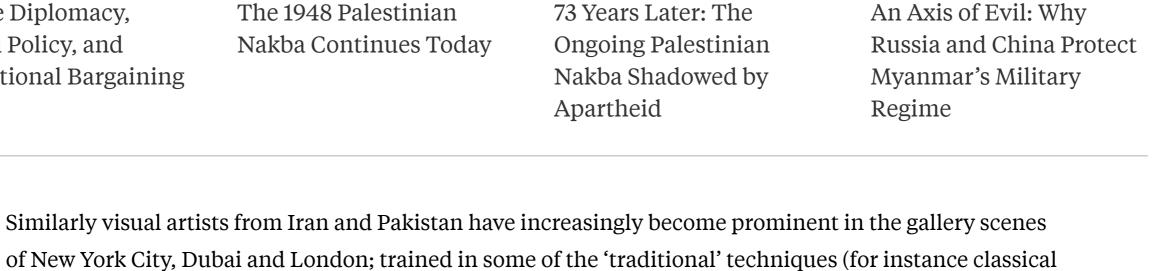
Art than the West itself.

**WORLD** | OLGA KRASNYAK

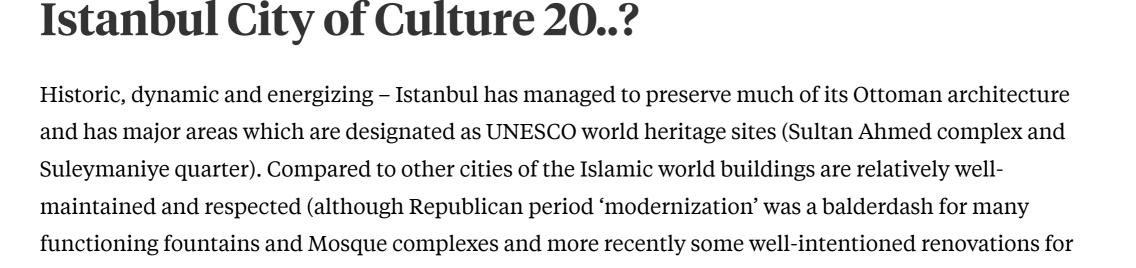
painting of the time).







WORLD | MAUNG ZARNI



the cultural events of 2010 feel rushed). By comparison cities such as Old Delhi or Hyderabad, India which

Istanbul remains a destination for the Muslim world because of its location, accessibility and beauty. First

were once jewels of Mughal and Deccani architectural splendour have disintegrated through a

combination of neglect, pollution, encroachment and politically motivated destruction.

miniature painting is still taught at the National College of Arts in Lahore) while also being citizens of the

complex and media-saturated 21st century world they mix media and push aesthetic boundaries while

also respecting, using and in some ways continuing certain genres, styles and techniques. Imran

Qureshi's current show at the Barbican in London provides a scintillating example of this.

impressions of the city's visual landscape reverberate minarets and water and there is a collective pride in visiting historical mosques, palaces and streets that remain so breath-taking. The International Istanbul Biennale remains one of the major Contemporary Art events in the world and yet there is a major disconnect between the style of work shown and the city itself; it could be shown in any place (New York City, London, Toronto, Berlin) and has not in any significant way reconciled itself

with the Ottoman-Islamic heritage, culture and art that surrounds it. The last two Biennales have been

criticized as too political, too text-driven and too obscure by the very International Art World that feeds it

(eg. New York based publications); the city's Biennale is more 'Western' in its approach to Contemporary

**66** The notion of Contemporary Islamic Art is challenging for many people. For some the very word 'Contemporary' has certain connotations of vulgarity or obscurity; for others the term 'Islamic Art' is politicized. On the other side of the divide there are pockets of local exhibitions which display Calligraphy and other traditional arts such as miniature painting; these are often held in municipality-run cultural centers and

exude an amateurishly derivative mix of mediocre skill, poor lighting and installation and an absence of

any concept. The work displayed is often done as a hobby on the side and often seems honored simply

because the viewer admires its 'Islamic' aspirations rather than on the merit, quality or idea behind it.

exam based) and which move beyond simply being a department in a University. Specialized departments that present visual art, design, film, fashion as parts of the same world as well as a reconciliation between traditional crafts and techniques and contemporary approaches to Art which highlight the importance of concept and self-expression. A move beyond calligraphy as the only authentic 'Islamic Art' - an opinion which has become increasingly prevalent through narrow perspectives being given wider platforms – is also necessary.

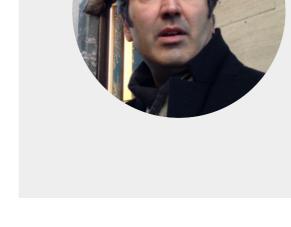
The notion of Contemporary Islamic Art is challenging for many people. For some the very word

'Contemporary' has certain connotations of vulgarity or obscurity; for others the term 'Islamic Art' is

politicized. Beyond the borders of Turkey a global embrace of all the quality Islamic Art and Architecture

Istanbul needs dedicated National Art and Film Institutes that are portfolio driven (rather than grade and

that exists (including examples like miniature painting, patterned objects, fountains, tombstones and mosque and palace interiors) and the preservation of this work alongside an equally great thirst to create, build and express new and innovative ideas that branch out from this heritage is a noble objective - and one that is already starting to happen. #istanbul #contemporary islamic art #islamic art #new york #art



## such as time, memory and narrative dreams as well as the convergence of fiction/documentary. He is the author of the 2017 book Islamic Art and

Kaz Rahman

Modernism: Formal Elements in Painting, Architecture and Film and has been Lecturer in Film and taught numerous courses related to Media Art, Film Production, Cinema History and Cultural Theory at Universities/Colleges in India, USA, Turkey and the UK.

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