Appendixes to DWP research report no. 599

This document provides additional technical information to the main report Attitudes to age in Britain 2004-08.

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Appendix A: Further details

A.1 Further details about the surveys (Chapter 1)

For the ACE and NSP surveys the data were collected through Taylor Nelson Sofres' (TNS) weekly face to face Omnibus. The ACE 2004 survey was fielded twice in consecutive weeks. The 2005 NSP age attitudes survey was fielded once as part of the NSP and again two months later. The May survey asked certain questions of the entire sample but the majority of items for this report come from the module focusing on age. In order to maximise statistical power for the 2005 surveys the May and July data sets are combined for this report. A further ACE survey was conducted in 2006 with a double sample.

In 2008, ACE sponsored a module within the British Market Research Bureau's (BMRM) weekly face-to-face Omnibus, a fully integrated youth and adult multimedia survey. Half of the respondents were randomly allocated to answer the age-related items with a target of 500 respondents. Fieldwork was carried out during the week 22-27 February 2008, and the total number of completed interviews was 487. Across all the surveys items were rotated and scale endpoints were counterbalanced between respondents so as to control for order and anchoring effects.

A.2 Further details about previous research surveys (Chapter 2)

The first EB survey was conducted between April and May 1992 with a sample of 12,800 people. The second survey was a special follow up survey of 400 people aged 60 and over in each member state, with the exception of 200 people in Luxembourg and 800 people in Germany. A total of 5,000 respondents took part.

Sample size and methodology used is that of Euro-Barometer surveys as carried out by the Directorate General for Communication, Research and Political Analysis Unit. http://ec.europa.eu/public opinion/index en.htm

A large sample of the English population aged 50 and over took part in the first wave which took place during 2002 and 2003. The second wave involved a total of 9,432 interviews. Of these, 8,780 (93 per cent) were respondents from the previous wave. At wave three a total of 9,771 interviews were completed, of which 7,535 (77.1 per cent) were from the original cohort. The 2002 report was based on the 57th EB survey conducted in spring 2002 in the 15 European member states.

A.3 Further details about the analysis (Chapter 3)

The model we tested at first was a hierarchical regression analysis composed of three cumulative blocks. In the first block we examined whether respondents' age was related to the dependent variable. In the second block we examined the effect of relatively fixed personal and demographic characteristics of the respondents. These are gender, social class and ethnicity. Because there are several different survey years in the analyses and because these represent both different years and different cohorts we also include survey year in this block. The final block included demographic characteristics that are less fixed over time but that could still have a significant impact on people's perceptions and experiences concerning ageing. These were respondents' working status, housing tenure and marital status. The full details of these sequential analyses are provided in the appendices.

In the multiple regression analysis B coefficients describe the probability that a change in the independent variable will correspond to a change in the dependent variable. The β coefficients are simply standardised B coefficients. SE refers to the standard error. In binomial regression odds ratios served the same purpose as Bs. The closer an odds ratio is to 1, the smaller the effect of the given independent variable.

A positive B value or an odds ratio above 1 indicate that increases in the independent variable will lead to increase in the dependent variable, whereas a negative B value or an odds ratio below 1 indicate that increases in the independent variable correspond to a decrease in the dependent variable. For example, when the age of a respondent increases by one year, the probability of them indicating that old age starts after the age of 70 years increases by 4.3 per cent (odds ratio = 1.043; a small effect size). The odds ratios are also interpretable as a measure of the effect size and were therefore converted into Cohen's d, and then further into η 2, which makes it possible to evaluate the effect size (Tabachnick and Fidell, 2007).

In the analyses of covariance, year and age group (16-24, 25-49, 50-64, 65-79, and 80+) were entered as categorical independent variables. Gender, social class, ethnicity, working status, tenure and marital status were included as covariates, dummy coded where relevant. The main effects and interactions between year and age group were analysed. Wilks' Lambda was used as a test statistic for the multivariate tests of mean differences among groups.

The statistics for the overall regression model are included with the relevant tables. The test statistic is an F or a Chi Square (for binomial regression). Based on the size of the sample this statistic first allows us to estimate both how well the model accounts for the dependent variable. The effect size or percentage of variance accounted for in the dependent variable (R2 or η 2) can range from 0 to 1, where 0 means that the independent variables do not explain any of the differences in the dependent variable and 1 means they explain all of the differences. With these two statistics it is conventional to describe effect sizes of .01 as 'small', .09 as "medium" effect, and .25 and above as "large" (Cohen, 1988). Effect sizes and significance levels are given to 3 decimal places where possible. If these are less than .001 we have written .000.

In tables of means, we have shown significant (p < .05) pairwise differences using superscripts. Means with different superscripts within a row are significantly different from one another. Any means sharing the same superscript do not differ from one another. Means with no superscript do not differ from any others.

We also describe the statistical significance of the results. This is an indication of the probability (p) that the result might have occurred by chance rather than accurately reflecting the true relationship between independent and dependent variables. This statistic can also range from 1 (any relationship is wholly unreliable) to 0 (the relationship is fully reliable). Conventionally a p value of less than .05 is conventionally regarded as 'significant'. However, with large samples and when conducting many statistical tests it is also conventional to require a smaller value of p before attaching importance to a finding. We only describe differences between groups as significant if the p value is less than .05, but in tables we also indicate whether the p values are less than .01 or less than .001 (i.e. a less than 1 in 1000 probability that the finding does not reflect the relationship between the independent and dependent variable in the general population. We report which independent variables had a significant unique effect and which effects are largest. The tables for regression analyses and analyses of covariance are given in Appendix B, means and standard errors for all items are reported in Appendix C.

Appendix B: Tables for the analyses

B.1 Tables on age categorisation and identification (Chapter 4)

Table B.1.1 Age self-categorisation; analysis of covariance

Source		Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	р	Partial η ²
Corrected Model		8600.214	28	307.151	198.465	.000	.566
Intercept		6985.601	1	6985.601	4513.737	.000	.514
Independent varia	ables						
Survey year		32.658	2	16.329	10.551	.000	.005
Age group		2047.937	4	511.984	330.818	.000	.237
Survey year * Age	e group	189.596	8	23.699	15.313	.000	.028
Covariates							
Gender	Female	23.923	1	23.923	15.458	.000	.004
Social class	Α	.529	1	.529	.342	.559	.000
	В	3.046	1	3.046	1.968	.161	.000
	C2	2.539	1	2.539	1.641	.200	.000
	D	.681	1	.681	.440	.507	.000
	E	16.078	1	16.078	10.389	.001	.002
Ethnicity	Non-white	5.994	1	5.994	3.873	.049	.001

Work	ing status	Working PT	.001	1	.001	.001	.981	.000
		Not working	4.128	1	4.128	2.667	.102	.001
		Retired	38.427	1	38.427	24.829	.000	.006
Tenu	re	Bought on mortgage	1.297	1	1.297	.838	.360	.000
		Rented from council	.035	1	.035	.023	.881	.000
		Rented privately	10.133	1	10.133	6.548	.011	.002
Marita	al status	Not married	.002	1	.002	.001	.969	.000
Error			6599.100	4264	1.548			
Total			112500.000	4293				
Corre	ected Total		15199.314	4292				

NOTE. The ANCOVA revealed significant differences both between age groups; F(4, 4264) = 330.82, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .237$, and between survey years; F(2, 4264) = 10.55, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .005$. A significant interaction also revealed that the differences between age groups was not constant across survey years; F(8, 4264) = 15.31, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .028$. The difference between survey years, however, did not change in a linear fashion and therefore does not indicate a trend for age self-categorisation having changed over time.

Table B.1.2 Age self-categorization; Means and standard errors for survey years and age groups

	Survey Year 2004 2006 2008 16-24						Age Group				
Survey year		2004	2006	2008	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+		
Mean	5.14 ^a	4.93 ^b	5.19 ^a		2.62 ^a	4.15 ^{bc}	5.26 ^{bde}	6.22 ^{bdfg}	7.18 ^{bdfh}		
SE	.04	.04	.07		.07	.04	.05	.07	.11		

Table B.1.3 Age self-categorization; Means and standard error according to survey years and age groups overall

Survey Year	2004					2006					
Age Group	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	
Mean	2.21 ^a	4.14 ^{bc}	5.49 ^{bde}	6.58 ^{bdfg}	7.29 ^{bdfh}	2.92 ^a	4.11 ^{bc}	5.09 ^{bde}	5.81 ^{bdfg}	6.73 ^{bdfh}	
SE	0.09	0.05	0.06	0.08	0.14	0.08	0.05	0.06	0.08	0.14	

Survey Year	2008				
Age Group	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	2.73 ^a	4.21 ^{bc}	5.22 ^{bde}	6.28 ^{bdfg}	7.53 ^{bdfh}
SE	.17	.09	.13	.15	.22

 Table B.1.4
 Age self-categorisation; a multiple linear regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β S <i>E</i>	t	p
1	Age		.075	.001	.767	.010	78.338	.000
2	Age		.075	.001	.772	.010	75.891	.000
	Survey year	2006	181	.039	048	.010	-4.666	.000
		2008	.002	.063	.000	.010	.025	.980
	Gender	Female	172	.037	046	.010	-4.653	.000
	Social class	Α	082	.107	008	.010	761	.447
		В	.065	.060	.012	.011	1.079	.281
		C2	.073	.054	.016	.012	1.353	.176
		D	.027	.059	.005	.011	.458	.647
		Е	.149	.057	.031	.012	2.627	.009
	Ethnicity	Non-white	.193	.066	.029	.010	2.911	.004
3	Age		.075	.002	.763	.016	46.505	.000
	Study year	2006	182	.039	048	.010	-4.684	.000
	Survey year	2008	.008	.063	.001	.010	.124	.901

Table B.1.4 Continued

Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p
Gender	Female	154	.039	041	.010	-3.938	.000
Social class	Α	079	.108	007	.010	730	.466
	В	.066	.060	.013	.011	1.096	.273
	C2	.070	.054	.015	.012	1.294	.196
	D	.023	.060	.005	.012	.386	.700
	E	.141	.065	.029	.014	2.160	.031
Ethnicity	Non-white	.199	.067	.030	.010	2.979	.003
Working status	Working PT	079	.064	014	.011	-1.245	.213
	Not working	074	.057	016	.013	-1.288	.198
	Retired	.056	.070	.014	.017	.793	.428
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.072	.054	.018	.014	1.317	.188
	Rented from council	.104	.059	.022	.013	1.743	.081
	Rented privately	.055	.068	.010	.012	.803	.422
Marital status	Not married	.001	.040	.000	.010	.020	.984

NOTE. N = 4293;. The test of the overall regression model was statistically significant and accounted for a substantial amount of the variance; F(17,4276) = 370.01, p < .001, $R^2 = .595$.

Table B.1.5 Estimated age at which people stop being young and when the old age starts; analysis of covariance

Source		Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²	
Corrected Model	Young age stops	257217.330	28	9186.333	40.642	.000	.285	
	Old age starts	109011.468	28	3893.267	35.022	.000	.256	
Intercept	Young age stops	350667.012	1	350667.012	1551.419	.000	.352	
	Old age starts	709991.821	1	709991.821	6386.698	.000	.691	
Survey year	Young age stops	52632.709	2	26316.355	116.429	.000	.075	
	Old age starts	9828.776	2	4914.388	44.207	.000	.030	
Age group	Young age stops	37780.949	4	9445.237	41.788	.000	.055	
	Old age starts	12462.453	4	3115.613	28.026	.000	.038	
Survey year * Age gr	oup Young age stops	5204.381	8	650.548	2.878	.003	.008	
	Old age starts	2337.351	8	292.169	2.628	.007	.007	
Error	Young age stops	644863.306	2853	226.030				
	Old age starts	317160.248	2853	111.167				
Total	Young age stops	7170381.000	2882					
	Old age starts	11757855.000	2882					

Table B.1.5 Continued

Source		Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
Corrected Total	Young age stops Old age starts	902080.636 426171.716	2881 2881				

NOTE. For the age at which people are perceived to stop being young the MANCOVA revealed significant difference between age groups; F(4, 2853) = 41.79, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .055$, and between survey years; F(2, 2853) = 116.43, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .075$ as well as a significant interaction showing that differences between age groups were not constant across survey years; F(8, 2853) = 2.88, p < .01, partial $\eta^2 = .008$.

For the age at which old age is perceived to start the MANCOVA revealed significant differences both between age groups; F(4, 2853) = 28.03, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .038$, and between survey years; F(2, 2853) = 44.21, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .030$. A significant interaction also revealed that the differences between age groups were not constant across survey years; F(8, 2853) = 2.63, p < .01, partial $\eta^2 = .007$, see tables in section 4.4 for means.

Table B.1.6 The estimated age at which people are perceived to stop being young; means and standard errors for survey years and age groups overall

		Survey Year			Age Group				
	2004	2006	2008	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	
Mean	51.81ª	49.37 ^{bc}	35.13 ^{bd}	32.71 ^a	41.84 ^{bc}	47.43 ^{bde}	50.47 ^{bdfg}	54.73 ^{bdfh}	
SE	.73	.56	.94	.99	.59	.75	1.14	1.71	

Table B.1.7 The estimated age at which people are perceived to stop being young; Means and standard errors according to survey years and age groups

Survey Year 2	2004			2006	2006					
Age Group	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	39.13 ^a	49.00 ^{bc}	53.51 ^{bde}	55.59 ^{bde}	61.80 ^{bdf}	33.13ª	45.98 ^{bc}	53.33 ^{bde}	56.56 ^{bdf}	57.87 ^{bdf}
SE	1.36	0.80	1.11	1.51	2.78	1.11	0.68	0.84	1.23	2.08

Survey Year	2008				
Age Group	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	25.86 ^a	30.56 ^{bc}	35.44 ^{bde}	39.26 ^{bd}	44.52 ^{bdf}
SE	2.12	1.16	1.72	2.02	3.12

Table B.1.8 Estimated age at which people stop being young; a binomial logistic regression analysis

Variable		В	Wald	p	OR ^a	95% CI for OR ^b Lower Upper	η²
Age		.058	121.726	.000	1.059	1.048 1.070	0.000
Survey year	2006	141	1.139	.286	.869	.671 1.125	0.002
	2008	-1.946	153.698	.000	.143	.105 .194	0.224
Gender	Female	.582	23.906	.000	1.790	1.417 2.260	0.025
Social class	Α	452	1.791	.181	.636	.328 1.234	0.015
	В	.130	.471	.492	1.139	.786 1.649	0.001
	C2	182	1.264	.261	.834	.608 1.144	0.003
	D	191	1.264	.261	.826	.591 1.153	0.003
	E	223	1.169	.280	.800	.534 1.199	0.004
Ethnicity	Not white	359	5.367	.021	.698	.516 .946	0.010
Working status	s Working PT	435	5.688	.017	.647	.453 .925	0.014
	Not working	348	5.184	.023	.706	.523 .953	0.009
	Retired	630	6.303	.012	.532	.326 .871	0.029

Table B.1.8 Continued

Variable		В	Wald	p	OR ^a	95% CI for OR ^b Lower Upper	η²
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.206	1.378	.240	1.229	.871 1.735	0.003
	Rented from council	.123	.407	.523	1.131	.775 1.649	0.001
	Rented privately	.296	2.158	.142	1.345	.906 1.997	0.007
Marital status	Not married	381	9.757	.002	.683	.538 .868	0.011

NOTE. a: odds ratio, b: 95% confidence interval for odds ratio. The test of the overall regression model was statistically significant, $\chi^2(17, N = 2987) = 547.96$, p < .001, Nagelkerke $R^2 = .281$

Table B.1.9 The estimated start of the old age; means and standard errors for survey years and age groups overall

		Survey Yea	r			Age Group		
	2004	2006	2008	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	65.63 ^a	64.19 ^{bc}	58.27 ^{bd}	55.54 ^a	60.36 ^{bc}	63.91 ^{bde}	64.97 ^{bdeg}	68.71 ^{bdfh}
SE	0.51	0.39	0.66	0.70	0.41	0.53	0.80	1.20

NOTE. See Table B.4.3 for model statistics for the start of old age.

Table B.1.10 The estimated start of the old age; means and standard errors according to survey year and age group

	2004				2006						
Age Group 1	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	
Mean 5	57.58 ^a	62.13 ^{bc}	66.06 ^{bde}	67.54 ^{bde}	74.87 ^{bdf}	56.04 ^a	61.91 ^{bc}	66.92 ^{bd}	68.06 ^{bd}	68.00 ^{bd}	
SE 0	0.96	0.56	0.78	1.06	1.95	0.78	0.48	0.59	0.87	1.46	

Table B.1.10 Continued

Survey Year	2008					
Age Group	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	
Mean	53.00 ^a	57.03 ^{bc}	58.75 ^b	59.32 ^b	63.26 ^{bd}	
SE	1.49	0.82	1.21	1.42	2.19	

Table B.1.11 Estimated age at which old age starts; binomial logistic regression analysis

Variable		В	Wald	p	OR ^a	95% CI for OR ^b Lower Upper	η²
Age		.043	147.745	.000	1.044	1.037 1.051	0.000
Survey year	2006	278	11.810	.001	.758	.647 .888	0.006
	2008	-1.312	76.647	.000	.269	.201 .361	0.116
Gender	Female	.939	123.743	.000	2.558	2.168 3.018	0.063
Social class	Α	.441	4.105	.043	1.555	1.015 2.383	0.015
	В	.307	6.350	.012	1.360	1.071 1.727	0.007
	C2	092	.663	.415	.912	.732 1.138	0.001
	D	344	7.281	.007	.709	.552 .910	0.009
	Е	455	10.725	.001	.634	.483 .833	0.016
Ethnicity	Non-white	873	24.553	.000	.417	.296 .590	0.055
Working status	Working PT	.107	.677	.411	1.112	.863 1.434	0.001
	Not working	.052	.178	.673	1.054	.826 1.344	0.000
	Retired	294	4.198	.040	.745	.562 .987	0.007

Table B.1.11 Continued

Variable		В	Wald	p	OR ^a	95% CI for OR ^b Lower Upper	η^2
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	114	1.055	.304	.893	.719 1.109	0.001
	Rented from council	257	4.325	.038	.773	.607 .985	0.005
	Rented privately	323	4.583	.032	.724	.539 .973	0.008
Marital status	Not married	238	7.854	.005	.788	.667 .931	0.004

NOTE. ^a: odds ratio, ^b: 95% confidence interval for odds ratio. The test of overall regression model was statistically significant; $\chi^2(17, N = 3652) = 743.27$, p < .001, Nagelkerke $R^2 = .253$.

Table B.1.12 Difference between estimated age at which people to stop being young and old age starts; analysis of covariance

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
		Sum of Squares					
Corrected Model		64635.518	28	2308.411	9.377	.000	.084
Intercept		62719.536	1	62719.536	254.767	.000	.082
Independent varia	bles						
Survey year		17090.821	2	8545.411	34.711	.000	.024
Age group		7192.962	4	1798.241	7.304	.000	.010
Survey year * Age	group	3263.860	8	407.983	1.657	.104	.005
Covariates							
Gender	Female	549.461	1	549.461	2.232	.135	.001
Social class	Α	1041.289	1	1041.289	4.230	.040	.001
	В	3489.733	1	3489.733	14.175	.000	.005
	C2	4.816	1	4.816	.020	.889	.000
	D	17.026	1	17.026	.069	.793	.000
	E	25.524	1	25.524	.104	.747	.000
Ethnicity	Non-white	1948.167	1	1948.167	7.913	.005	.003

Table B.1.12 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
	Sı	um of Squares					
Working status	Working PT	98.840	1	98.840	.401	.526	.000
	Not working	32.029	1	32.029	.130	.718	.000
	Retired	40.235	1	40.235	.163	.686	.000
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	455.358	1	455.358	1.850	.174	.001
	Rented from council	744.324	1	744.324	3.023	.082	.001
	Rented privately	362.201	1	362.201	1.471	.225	.001
Marital status	Not married	406.184	1	406.184	1.650	.199	.001
Error		702363.152	2853	246.184			
Total		1511076.000	2882				
Corrected Total		766998.670	2881				

NOTE. The main effects of age group; F(4, 2853) = 7.30, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .010$, and survey year; F(2, 2853) = 34.71, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .024$, were significant. The interaction between age group and survey year was not significant.

Table B.1.13 Difference between the age at which youth is perceived to end and old age is perceived to start; means and standard errors for survey years and age groups overall

		Survey Year				Age Group		
	2004	2006	2008	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	14.07 ^a	14.77 ^{ac}	22.42 ^{bd}	22.34 ^a	18.72 ^{bc}	16.50 ^{bde}	5.04 ^{bde}	12.84 ^{bdf}
SE (0.84	0.59	1.04	0.93	0.59	0.79	1.27	2.00

Table B.1.14 Age-group identification; analysis of covariance

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
		Sum of Squares					
Corrected Mode	el	298.359	28	10.656	9.201	.000	.057
Intercept		3029.227	1	3029.227	2615.601	.000	.380
dependent var	riables						
Survey year		26.815	2	13.407	11.577	.000	.005
ge group		67.135	4	16.784	14.492	.000	.013
Survey year * A	ge group	16.269	8	2.034	1.756	.081	.003
ovariates							
ender	Female	18.746	1	18.746	16.187	.000	.004
ocial class	A	2.121	1	2.121	1.831	.176	.000
	В	8.654	1	8.654	7.472	.006	.002
	C2	4.165	1	4.165	3.596	.058	.001
	D	13.689	1	13.689	11.820	.001	.003
	E	.189	1	.189	.164	.686	.000
Ethnicity	Non-white	33.880	1	33.880	29.254	.000	.007

Table B.1.14 Continued

Source		Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
Washing at the	Madia a DT	050		050	004	000	
Working status	-	.256	1	.256	.221	.638	.000
	Not working	.065	1	.065	.056	.812	.000
	Retired	.033	1	.033	.028	.867	.000
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.841	1	.841	.726	.394	.000
	Rented from council	1.785	1	1.785	1.541	.215	.000
	Rented privately	.627	1	.627	.541	.462	.000
Marital status	Not married	.623	1	.623	.538	.463	.000
Error		4934.826	4261	1.158			
Total		52262.000	4290				
Corrected Total		5233.185	4289				

NOTE. The ANCOVA revealed significant differences both between age groups; F(4, 4261) = 14.49, p < .05, partial $\eta^2 = .013$, and between survey years; F(2, 4261) = 11.58, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .005$. The interaction between age group and survey year was not significant; F(8, 4261) = 1.76, p > .05, partial $\eta^2 = .003$.

Table B.1.15 Age-group identification; means and standard errors for survey years and age groups overall

	Su	ırvey ye	ar			Age group		
	2004	2006	2008	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	3.48 ^a	3.35 ^{bc}	3.17 ^{bd}	3.57 ^a	3.22 ^{bc}	3.04 ^{bde}	3.30 ^{bcfg}	3.53 ^{adfh}
SE	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.09

 Table B.1.16
 Age-group identification; a multiple linear regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β <i>SE</i>	t	p	
1	Age		004	.001	062	.015	-4.073	.000	
2	Age		002	.001	038	.016	-2.423	.015	
	Survey year	2006	100	.035	045	.016	-2.828	.005	
		2008	284	.057	079	.016	-4.970	.000	
	Gender	Female	147	.034	066	.015	-4.369	.000	
	Social class	Α	138	.097	022	.016	-1.416	.157	
		В	153	.055	049	.018	-2.799	.005	
		C2	.091	.049	.034	.018	1.866	.062	
		D	.198	.053	.066	.018	3.735	.000	
		Е	.088	.051	.031	.018	1.712	.087	
	Ethnicity	Non-white	.334	.060	.086	.015	5.546	.000	
3	Age		007	.001	125	.025	-4.950	.000	
	Survey year	2006	107	.035	049	.016	-3.054	.002	

Table B.1.16 Continued

p Predictor		В	B SE	β	β <i>SE</i>	t	p
Survey year	2008	284	.057	079	.016	-4.974	.000
Gender	Female	152	.035	068	.016	-4.301	.000
Social class	Α	132	.097	021	.016	-1.354	.176
	В	147	.055	047	.018	-2.684	.007
	C2	.102	.049	.038	.018	2.083	.037
	D	.189	.054	.063	.018	3.517	.000
	Е	.016	.059	.006	.021	.269	.788
Ethnicity	Non-white	.319	.060	.082	.016	5.287	.000
Working status	Working PT	.007	.057	.002	.017	.127	.899
	Not working	.017	.052	.006	.020	.328	.743
	Retired	.316	.063	.131	.026	4.978	.000
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.018	.049	.008	.021	.369	.712
	Rented from council	.049	.054	.018	.020	.913	.361
	Rented privately	.017	.062	.005	.019	.282	.778
Marital status	Not married	.104	.036	.047	.016	2.894	.004

NOTE. N = 4292. The test of the overall regression model was statistically significant; F(17, 4275) = 10.75, p < .001, $R^2 = .041$.

B.2 Tables on perceived age prejudice (Chapter 5)

Table B.2.1 Over 50 as 'old'; analysis of covariance

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	р	Partial η ²
		Sum of Squares					
Corrected Model		159.645	23	6.941	4.058	.000	.024
Intercept		1980.350	1	1980.350	1157.730	.000	.233
Independent varia	bles						
Survey year		6.484	1	6.484	3.790	.052	.001
Age group		30.018	4	7.505	4.387	.002	.005
Survey year * Age	group	7.321	4	1.830	1.070	.370	.001
Covariates							
Gender	Female	27.108	1	27.108	15.848	.000	.004
Social class	Α	16.048	1	16.048	9.382	.002	.002
	В	11.965	1	11.965	6.995	.008	.002
	C2	.000	1	.000	.000	.987	.000
	D	2.034	1	2.034	1.189	.276	.000
	Е	.508	1	.508	.297	.586	.000
Ethnicity	Non-white	11.228	1	11.228	6.564	.010	.002

Table B.2.1 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
	Su	ım of Squares					
Working status	Working PT	4.915	1	4.915	2.873	.090	.001
	Not working	1.052	1	1.052	.615	.433	.000
	Retired	2.017	1	2.017	1.179	.278	.000
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	1.594	1	1.594	.932	.334	.000
	Rented council	2.671	1	2.671	1.562	.211	.000
	Rented privately	3.459	1	3.459	2.022	.155	.001
Marital status	Not married	2.047	1	2.047	1.197	.274	.000
Error		6520.601	3812	1.711			
Total		38684.000	3836				
Corrected Total		6680.246	3835				

NOTE. The ANCOVA showed significant differences among age groups; F(4, 3812) = 4.39, p < .01, partial $\eta^2 = .005$.

Table B.2.2. Over 50 as 'old'; means and standard errors for age groups

		Ag	e group		
	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	3.07 ^a	2.91 ^b	2.83 ^{bc}	2.77 ^{be}	3.10 ^{df}
SE	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.11

Table B.2.3 Over 50 as 'old'; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β <i>SE</i>	t	p	
1	Age		.000	.001	-0.007	.016	-0.408	.684	
2	Age		002	.001	024	.017	-1.447	.148	
	Survey year	2006	118	.042	045	.016	-2.784	.005	
	Gender	Female	.190	.043	.071	.016	4.424	.000	
	Social class	Α	.376	.121	.053	.017	3.102	.002	
		В	.187	.070	.050	.019	2.679	.007	
		C2	008	.063	002	.020	-0.125	.900	
		D	092	.068	026	.019	-1.354	.176	
		E	031	.065	009	.020	-0.470	.638	
	Ethnicity	Non-white	205	.078	044	.017	-2.637	.008	
3	Age		003	.002	051	.027	-1.847	.065	
	Survey year	2006	117	.042	044	.016	-2.755	.006	
	Gender	Female	.176	.045	.066	.017	3.893	.000	

Table B.2.3 Continued

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p
	Social class	A	.374	.121	.052	.017	3.082	.002
		В	.190	.070	.051	.019	2.711	.007
		C2	.007	.063	.002	.020	.116	.908
		D	072	.069	020	.019	-1.038	.299
		E	.050	.075	.015	.023	.659	.510
	Ethnicity	Non-white	199	.078	042	.017	-2.545	.011
	Working status	Working PT	.133	.074	.033	.018	1.803	.072
		Not working	049	.067	015	.021	-0.730	.466
		Retired	.129	.081	.045	.028	1.587	.113
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.065	.062	.023	.022	1.033	.302
		Rented from council	081	.068	025	.021	-1.178	.239
		Rented privately	.110	.079	.028	.020	1.388	.165
	Marital status	Not married	017	.046	006	.017	-0.373	.709

NOTE. N = 3835. The test of the overall regression model was statistically significant, F(16, 3819) = 4.61, p < .001, $R^2 = .019$

Table B.2.4 Perceived frequency of prejudice against people over 70 years over the previous year; analysis of covariance

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
		Sum of Squares					
Corrected Model		66.229	18	3.679	4.804	.000	.023
Intercept		761.283	1	761.283	994.031	.000	.214
Independent variab	le						
Age group		14.025	4	3.506	4.578	.001	.005
Covariates							
Gender	Female	6.703	1	6.703	8.753	.003	.002
Social class	Α	1.905	1	1.905	2.488	.115	.001
	В	2.476	1	2.476	3.233	.072	.001
	C2	.000	1	.000	.000	.985	.000
	D	.696	1	.696	.909	.340	.000
	E	.003	1	.003	.004	.951	.000
Ethnicity	Non-white	16.895	1	16.895	22.060	.000	.006
Working status	Working PT	.018	1	.018	.024	.877	.000
	Not working	.513	1	.513	.670	.413	.000
	Retired	.056	1	.056	.074	.786	.000

Table B.2.4 Continued

Source	Sı	Type III um of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.153	1	.153	.199	.655	.000
	Rented from council	.714	1	.714	.933	.334	.000
	Rented privately	.454	1	.454	.593	.441	.000
Marital status	Not married	.660	1	.660	.862	.353	.000
Error		2796.899	3652	.766			
Total		15660.000	3671				
Corrected Total		2863.128	3670				

NOTE. The ANCOVA revealed that the age groups differed significantly from each other; F(4, 3652) = 4.58, p < .01, partial $\eta^2 = .005$.

Table B.2.5 Perceived frequency of prejudice against people over 70 years over the previous year; means and standard errors for age groups

		Ag	e group		
	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	1.87 ^a	1.90°	1.96 ^e	1.74 ^{df}	1.62 ^{bdf}
SE	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.09

Table B.2.6 Perceived frequency of prejudice against people over 70 over the previous year; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β S <i>E</i>	t	p	
1	Age		001	.001	029	.017	-1.766	.077	
2	Age		002	.001	049	.017	-2.910	.004	
	Gender	Female	.087	.029	.04	.016	2.968	.003	
	Social class	Α	.169	.095	.030	.017	1.771	.077	
		В	.095	.049	.037	.019	1.931	.054	
		C2	.000	.043	.000	.020	.010	.992	
		D	056	.046	024	.019	-1.215	.224	
		E	052	.043	024	.020	-1.210	.226	
	Ethnicity	Non-white	247	.049	086	.017	-5.065	.000	
3	Age		001	.001	011	.027	412	.680	
	Gender	Female	.094	.031	.053	.017	3.069	.002	
	Social class	Α	.163	.095	.029	.017	1.711	.087	
		В	.089	.049	.034	.019	1.796	.073	

Table B.2.6 Continued

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β <i>SE</i>	t	p
		C2	.001	.044	.001	.020	.032	.974
		D	042	.047	018	.020	894	.372
		Е	.010	.051	.005	.024	.203	.839
	Ethnicity	Non-white	237	.049	082	.017	-4.854	.000
	Working status	Working PT	008	.049	003	.019	165	.869
		Not working	049	.044	024	.022	-1.099	.272
		Retired	149	.056	073	.028	-2.633	.008
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.011	.043	.006	.023	.255	.799
		Rented from council	058	.047	028	.023	-1.224	.221
		Rented privately	062	.056	023	.021	-1.120	.263
	Marital status	Not married	.008	.031	.004	.018	.246	.806

NOTE. N = 3670. The test of the overall regression model was statistically significant; F(15, 3655) = 4.54, p < .001, $R^2 = .018$

 Table B.2.7
 Perceived seriousness of age-discrimination; analysis of covariance

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η²
		Sum of Squares					
Corrected Model		69.864	23	3.038	5.175	.000	.031
Intercept		1482.872	1	1482.872	2526.392	.000	.406
idependent varia	bles						
Survey year		9.422	1	9.422	16.052	.000	.004
ge group		2.439	4	0.610	1.039	.386	.001
Survey year * Age	group	2.452	4	0.613	1.045	.383	.001
ovariates							
Gender	Female	3.082	1	3.082	5.251	.022	.001
ocial class	Α	.120	1	0.120	.205	.651	.000
	В	.006	1	0.006	.010	.922	.000
	C2	11.035	1	11.035	18.800	.000	.005
	D	4.306	1	4.306	7.337	.007	.002
	Е	.087	1	0.087	.147	.701	.000
thnicity	Non-white	2.883	1	2.883	4.911	.027	.001

Table B.2.7 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
	Si	um of Squares					
Working status	Working PT	.193	1	0.193	.328	.567	.000
	Not working	.399	1	0.399	.681	.409	.000
	Retired	7.167	1	7.167	12.211	.000	.003
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.075	1	0.075	.128	.720	.000
	Rented from council	1.150	1	1.150	1.959	.162	.001
	Rented privately	.555	1	0.555	.945	.331	.000
Marital status	Not married	1.119	1	1.119	1.907	.167	.001
Error		2168.202	3694	0.587			
Total		26044.000	3718				
Corrected Total		2238.066	3717				

NOTE. The ANCOVA revealed that survey years significantly differed from each other; F(1, 3694) = 16.05, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .004$.

 Table B.2.8
 Perceived seriousness of age-discrimination; means and standard errors

Survey year	2004	2006
Mean SE	2.61 ^a 0.02	2.48 ^b 0.02

 Table B.2.9
 Perceived seriousness of age-discrimination; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β S <i>E</i>	t	р
1	Age		.002	.001	.051	.016	3.124	.002
2	Age		.003	.001	.068	.017	3.989	.000
	Survey year	2006	118	.025	075	.016	-4.637	.000
	Gender	Female	062	.026	040	.016	-2.432	.015
	Social class	Α	028	.071	007	.017	-0.394	.694
		В	.005	.041	.002	.019	0.109	.913
		C2	.166	.037	.088	.020	4.444	.000
		D	.124	.040	.059	.019	3.063	.002
		Е	.040	.039	.020	.020	1.037	.300
	Ethnicity	Non-white	.108	.047	.039	.017	2.317	.021
3	Age		002	.001	051	.027	-1.866	.062
	Survey year	2006	121	.025	078	.016	-4.790	.000
	Gender	Female	062	.027	040	.017	-2.317	.021

Table B.2.9 Continued

Step Pre	edictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	р
Soc	ocial class	A	030	.071	007	.017	-0.426	.670
		В	.007	.041	.003	.019	0.163	.870
		C2	.165	.037	.088	.020	4.433	.000
		D	.115	.041	.055	.019	2.803	.005
		E	.023	.045	.011	.023	0.505	.614
Eth	hnicity	Non-white	.103	.047	.037	.017	2.188	.029
Wo	orking status	Working PT	.026	.043	.011	.019	0.605	.545
		Not working	035	.040	019	.021	-0.881	.378
		Retired	.253	.048	.149	.028	5.238	.000
Ter	enure	Bought on mortgage	019	.037	011	.023	-0.501	.616
		Rented from council	.054	.041	.028	.021	1.325	.185
		Rented privately	.041	.047	.018	.020	0.878	.380
Ма	arital status	Not married	036	.027	023	.017	-1.315	.189

NOTE. N = 3717. The test of the overall regression model was statistically significant; F(16, 3701) = 7.16, p < .001, $R^2 = .030$.

Table B.2.10 Perceptions of media bias against older people; analysis of covariance

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η²
		Sum of Squares					
Corrected Model		34.560	18	1.920	2.687	.000	.013
Intercept		10.670	1	10.670	14.931	.000	.004
Independent variable	:						
Age group		3.965	4	.991	1.387	.236	.002
Covariates							
Gender	Female	3.635	1	3.635	5.087	.024	.001
Social class	Α	.180	1	.180	.252	.616	.000
	В	.084	1	.084	.117	.732	.000
	C2	.407	1	.407	.570	.450	.000
	D	.125	1	.125	.175	.676	.000
	E	.205	1	.205	.287	.592	.000
Ethnicity	Non-white	19.524	1	19.524	27.323	.000	.008
Working status	Working PT	.325	1	.325	.454	.500	.000
	Not working	.109	1	.109	.152	.696	.000
	Retired	.186	1	.186	.260	.610	.000

Table B.2.10 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
	Si	um of Squares	i				
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.842	1	.842	1.178	.278	.000
	Rented from council	3.436	1	3.436	4.809	.028	.001
	Rented privately	2.470	1	2.470	3.457	.063	.001
Marital status	Not married	.077	1	.077	.108	.743	.000
Error		2555.349	3576	.715			
Total		2751.000	3595				
Corrected Total		2589.909	3594				

NOTE. The ANCOVA did not show significant differences between age groups.

Table B.2.11 Perceptions of media bias against older people; a multiple linear regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p
1	Age		.000	.001	.002	.017	.121	.903
2	Age		.001	.001	.023	.017	1.311	.190
	Gender	Female	071	.028	042	.017	-2.500	.012
	Social class	Α	.031	.093	.006	.017	.335	.737
		В	.007	.048	.003	.019	.152	.879
		C2	.030	.042	.014	.020	.701	.483
		D	.031	.045	.014	.020	.689	.491
		Е	.013	.042	.006	.020	.312	.755
	Ethnicity	Non-white	.248	.047	.090	.017	5.266	.000
3	Age		.001	.001	.030	.028	1.089	.276
	Gender	Female	069	.030	040	.017	-2.313	.021
	Social class	Α	.043	.093	.008	.017	.462	.644
		В	.015	.048	.006	.019	.318	.750

Table B.2.11 Continued

Step Pr	redictor		В	B SE	β	β S <i>E</i>	t	p
Sc	ocial class	C2	.031	.043	.015	.020	.735	.462
		D	.018	.045	.008	.020	.397	.691
		Е	029	.050	014	.024	573	.567
Etl	thnicity	Non-white	.247	.047	.090	.017	5.225	.000
We	orking status	Working PT	030	.048	012	.019	627	.531
		Not working	012	.043	006	.022	288	.773
		Retired	.025	.055	.013	.028	.462	.644
Te	enure	Bought on mortgage	.043	.042	.024	.024	1.010	.313
		Rented from council	.100	.046	.051	.023	2.189	.029
		Rented privately	.101	.054	.039	.021	1.849	.065
Ma	arital status	Not married	.022	.031	.013	.018	.704	.482

NOTE. N = 3594. The test of the overall regression model was statistically significant; F(15, 3579) = 2.93, p < .001, $R^2 = .012$.

B.3 Tables on experiences of discrimination (Chapter 6)

Table B.3.1 Experience of discrimination against age, gender and ethnicity; a mixed analysis of covariance (within subject effects)

Source	Type III Sum of Squares		n Square	F	p	Partial η ²
Experienced Prejudice	8.810	1.939	4.544	55.104	0.000	0.007
erienced Prejudice * Survey year	5.776	5.817	0.993	12.043	0.000	0.004
xperienced Prejudice * Age group	13.468	7.756	1.736	21.059	0.000	0.010
xperienced Prejudice * Survey * Age group	os 4.070	23.268	0.175	2.121	0.001	0.003
rror(Experienced Prejudice)	1298.743	15750.263	0.082			

NOTE. Greenhouse-Geisser correction reported. Mixed analysis of covariance revealed a significant differences between experienced age, gender and ethnicity related discrimination F (1.939, 15750.263) = 55.104, p < .001 partial η^2 =.007, significant differences between age-groups F (7.756,,15750.263) = 21.059, p=<.001 partial η^2 =.004, survey year F (5.817, 15750.263) = 12.043, p=<.001 partial η^2 =.004.

Table B.3.2 Experience of discrimination against age, gender and ethnicity; analysis of covariance (between subjects effects)

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η²	
		Sum of Squares						
Intercept		41.572	1	41.572	157.75	0.000	0.019	
Gender	Female	1.502	1	1.502	5.700	0.017	0.001	
Independent varia	bles							
Survey year		22.600	3	7.533	28.586	0.000	0.010	
Age group		30.876	4	7.719	29.291	0.000	0.014	
Survey * Age grou	ıp	5.314	12	0.443	1.680	0.064	0.002	
Covariates								
Social Class	Α	0.257	1	0.257	0.974	0.324	0.000	
	В	1.122	1	1.122	4.256	0.039	0.001	
	C2	0.670	1	0.670	2.543	0.111	0.000	
	D	0.324	1	0.324	1.228	0.268	0.000	
	Е	0.529	1	0.529	2.006	0.157	0.000	
Ethnicity	Not-white	31.610	1	31.610	119.95	0.000	0.015	

Table B.3.2 Continued

Source		Type III	df		Mean Square		F		p		Partial η ²
	Su	ım of Squares									
Working status	PT	0.006	1	0.006		0.023		0.879		0.000	
	Not working	0.305	1	0.305		1.157		0.282		0.000	
	Retired	0.014	1	0.014		0.053		0.818		0.000	
Tenure	Brought on mortgage	0.068	1		0.068		0.258		0.612		0.000
	Rented from council	0.262	1		0.262		0.993		0.319		0.000
	Rented private	0.262	1		0.262		0.994		0.319		0.000
Marital status	Not-married	3.970	1		3.970		15.066		0.000		0.002
Error		2140.634	8123		0.264						
			0.20								

NOTE. The mixed ANCOVA revealed significant differences between age-groups F(4, 8123) = 29.291, p = < .001 partial $\eta^2 = .014$, survey year F(3, 8123) = 28.586, p = < .001 partial $\eta^2 = .01$.

Table B.3.3 Experience of prejudice and discrimination because of age, gender, ethnicity, religion, disability and sexual orientation; a mixed analysis of covariance (within subjects effects)

Source	Type III Sum of Squares	df Me	an Square	F	p	Partial η ²
Experienced Prejudice	14.219	4.074	3.491	44.215	0.000	0.006
Experienced Prejudice * Survey year	6.313	8.147	0.775	9.815	0.000	0.003
Experienced Prejudice * Age group	31.796	16.294	1.951	24.718	0.000	0.013
Experienced Prejudice * Survey * Age grou	ps 5.940	32.588	0.182	2.309	0.000	0.002
Error(Experienced Prejudice)	2467.500	31256.075	0.079			

NOTE. Greenhouse-Geisser correction reported. The mixed ANCOVA including all forms of discrimination revealed forms of discrimination differed significantly F (4.07, 31256.075) = 44.215, p<.001 partial η^2 = .006, and differed by age group F (16.294, 31256.075) = 24.718, p=<.001 partial η^2 = .013 and survey year F (8.147, 31256.075) = 9.815, p=<.001 partial η^2 = .003.

Table B.3.4 Experience of discrimination against age, gender, ethnicity, religion, disability and sexual orientation; a mixed analysis of covariance (between subjects effects)

Source		Type III Sum of Square	<i>df</i> s	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²	
Intercept		29.416	1	29.416	87.285	0.000	0.011	
Gender	Female	0.001	1	0.001	0.003	0.957	0.000	
Independent varia	bles							
Survey year		34.954	2	17.477	51.859	0.000	0.013	
Age group		27.261	4	6.815	20.222	0.000	0.010	
Survey year*Age (group	5.314	8	0.664	1.971	0.046	0.002	
Covariates								
Social Class	Α	0.144	1	0.144	0.426	0.514	0.000	
	В	0.671	1	0.671	1.992	0.158	0.000	
	C2	0.303	1	0.303	0.900	0.343	0.000	
	D	0.647	1	0.647	1.921	0.166	0.000	
	E	0.074	1	0.074	0.218	0.640	0.000	
Ethnicity	Not-white	26.690	1	26.690	79.195	0.000	0.010	

Table B.3.4 Continued

Source	Sı	Type III ım of Squares	df	Mean Square)	F	p	Partial η ²
Working status	PT	0.103	1	0.103	0.306	0.580	0.000	
	Not working	1.140	1	1.140	3.381	0.066	0.000	
	Retired	0.042	1	0.042	0.124	0.724	0.000	
Tenure	Brought on mortgage	0.047	1	0.047	0.139	0.709	0.000	
	Rented from council	1.049	1	1.049	3.114	0.078	0.000	
	Rented private	0.163	1	0.163	0.485	0.486	0.000	
Marital status	Not married	5.096	1	5.096	15.123	0.000	0.002	
Error		2585.893	7673	0.337				

NOTE. The mixed ANCOVA revealed all forms of discrimination differed by age-group F(4, 7673) = 20.222, p = <.001 partial $\eta^2 = .01$, and survey year F(2, 7673) = 51.859, p = <.001 partial $\eta^2 = .013$, also a significant interaction between survey year and age group shows the effect of age group varies by survey year F(8, 7673) = 1.971, p = <.046 partial $\eta^2 = .002$.

Table B.3.5 Experiences of discrimination against age, gender and ethnicity; means and standard errors according to survey years

2004 2005 2006 2008 Age Gender Ethnicity Age Gender Ethnicity Age Gender Ethnicity Mean 0.28a 0.20a 0.17a 0.25a 0.18ac 0.14bc 0.24a 0.0bc 0.07bde 0.35b 0.23d 0.21df							Sur	vey year					
Mean 0.28 ^a 0.20 ^a 0.17 ^a 0.25 ^a 0.18 ^{ac} 0.14 ^{bc} 0.24 ^a 0.0 ^{bc} 0.07 ^{bde} 0.35 ^b 0.23 ^d 0.21 ^{df}		2004			2005			2006			2008		
		Age	Gende	erEthnicity	Age	Gende	rEthnicity	Age	Gende	erEthnicity	Age	Gende	erEthnicity
	Mean	0.28ª	0.20ª	0.17 ^a	0.25 ^a	0.18 ^{ac}	0.14 ^{bc}	0.24 ^a	0.0 ^{bc}	0.07 ^{bde}	0.35 ^b	0.23 ^d	0.21 ^{df}
SE 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.0		0.01	0.01								0.02	0.02	0.02

Table B.3.6 Experiences of discrimination against age, gender and ethnicity; means and standard errors for age groups

							Age group									
	16-24			25-49			50-64			65-79			80+			
	Age	Gende	erEthnicity	Age	Gende	rEthnicity	Age	Gende	rEthnicity	Age	Gende	rEthnicity	Age	Gende	rEthnicity	
Mean	0.52 ^a	0.26 ^a	0.23 ^a	0.26 ^{bc}	0.23 ^{bc}	0.17 ^{bc}	0.24 ^{bc}	0.15 ^{bde}	0.12 ^{bd}	0.21 ^b	0.13 ^{bd}	0.11 ^{bd}	0.17 ^{bd}	0.09 ^{bdf}	0.11 ^{bd}	
SE	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.02	

Table B.3.7 Experiences of all forms of discrimination; means and standard errors for survey years

					Sui	vey year		
Mean 0.28 0.20 ^a 0.17 ^a 0.15 ^a 0.13 ^a 0.11 ^a					200)4		
		Age	Eth	nicity	Gender	Religion	Disability	Orientation
	Mean	0.28	0.2	n ^a	0 17 ^a	0 15 ^a	0 13 ^a	0 11 ^a
	SE	0.20			0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01

Table B.3.7 Continued

Survey year

2006

			20	06		
	Age	Ethnicity	Gender	Religion	Disability	Orientation
Mean	0.24	0.0 ^b	0.07 ^{bd}	0.03 ^{bd}	0.05 ^{bd}	0.01 ^{bd}
SE	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01

Table B.3.8 Experiences of all forms of discrimination; Means and standard errors for age groups

					Age group	
	16-24 Age	Ethnicity	Gender	Religion	Disability	Orientation
Mean		0.26 ^a	0.23 ^a	0.15 ^a	0.09 ^a	0.11 ^a
SE	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01

					Age group	
	25-49 Age	Ethnicity	Gender	Religion	Disability	Orientation
Mean SE	0.26 ^{bc}	0.23 ^{bc}	0.17 ^{bc} 0.01	0.12 ^c	0.13 ^{bc} 0.01	0.08 ^{bc} 0.01

Table B.3.8 Continued

					Age group	
	50-64 Age	Ethnicity	Gender	Religion	Disability	Orientation
Mean SE	0.24 ^{bc}	0.15 ^{bde} 0.01	0.12 ^{bd} 0.01	0.08 ^{bd}	0.12 ^{bc} 0.01	0.06 ^{bd} 0.01

					Age group				
	65-79 Age	Ethnicity	Gender	Religion	Disability	Orientation			
Mean SE	0.21 ^b	0.13 ^{bd} 0.02	0.11 ^{bd} <i>0.01</i>	0.07 ^{bd}	0.08 ^d	0.04 ^{bd} 0.04			

Table B.3.8 Continued

					Age group		
	80 + Age	Ethnicity	Gender	Religion	Disability	Orientation	
Mean	0. ^{17bd}	0.09 ^{bdf}	0.11 ^{bd}	0.05 ^{bd}	0.04 ^{bd}	0.04 ^{bd}	
SE	0.03	0.03	0.02	002	0.02	0.02	

Table B.3.9 Experience of prejudice and discrimination because of age; a binomial logistic regression analysis

Variable		В	Wald	p	OR ^a	95% CI for OR ^b	η^2
						Lower Upper	
Age		-0.028	150.536	0.000	0.972	0.968 0.976	0.000
Survey	2005	-0.170	6.639	0.010	0.844	0.741 0.960	0.002
	2006	-0.305	16.016	0.000	0.737	0.635 0.856	0.007
	2008	0.307	7.252	0.007	1.360	1.087 1.700	0.007
Gender	Female	-0.038	0.479	0.489	0.963	0.865 1.072	0.000
Social Class	Α	0.058	0.132	0.716	1.060	0.774 1.453	0.000
	В	0.080	0.873	0.350	1.083	0.916 1.281	0.000
	C2	-0.073	0.910	0.340	0.929	0.799 1.081	0.000
	D	-0.107	1.667	0.197	0.898	0.763 1.057	0.001
	Е	-0.230	6.291	0.012	0.794	0.663 0.951	0.004
Ethnicity	Not-white	-0.091	1.111	0.292	0.913	0.771 1.081	0.001
Working status	PT	-0.013	0.020	0.888	0.988	0.829 1.176	0.000
	Not working	0.159	4.277	0.039	1.173	1.008 1.364	0.002
	Retired	0.522	25.283	0.000	1.685	1.375 2.066	0.020

Table B.3.9 Continued

Variable		В	Wald	p	OR ^a	95% CI for OR ^b Lower Upper	η²
Tenure	Brought on mortgage	-0.132	2.806	0.094	0.877	0.752 1.023	0.001
	Rented from council	-0.097	1.262	0.261	0.908	0.767 1.075	0.001
	Rented private	-0.079	0.674	0.412	0.924	0.766 1.115	0.000
Marital status	Not married	0.285	26.143	0.000	1.330	1.192 1.483	0.006

NOTE. a: odds ratio, b: 95% confidence interval for odds ratio. The binomial logistic regression model was significant; $\chi^2(18, N = 8162) = 347.69, p < .001$, Nagelkerke $R^2 = .061$.

B.4 Tables on age stereotypes (Chapter 7)

Table B.4.1 Age stereotypes; a mixed factorial analysis of variance (within subjects effects)

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²	
		Sum of Squares						
Old versus Yo	ung Comparison							
	Warmth	63.204	1.000	63.204	74.960	.000	.019	
	Competence	19.770	1.000	19.770	20.983	.000	.005	
	Admiration	30.072	1.000	30.072	31.165	.000	.008	
	Pity	47.392	1.000	47.392	44.667	.000	.011	
	Envy	61.784	1.000	61.784	56.949	.000	.014	
	Moral	299.064	1.000	299.064	274.853	.000	.065	
Comparison *	Age Group							
	Warmth	8.998	4.000	2.250	2.668	.031	.003	
	Competence	33.710	4.000	8.428	8.945	.000	.009	
	Admiration	13.400	4.000	3.350	3.472	.008	.003	
	Pity	18.552	4.000	4.638	4.371	.002	.004	
	Envy	5.337	4.000	1.334	1.230	.296	.001	
	Moral	17.719	4.000	4.430	4.071	.003	.004	

Table B.4.1 Continued

Source		Type III	df Mea	n Square	F	p	Partial η²	
		Sum of Squares						
Comparis	on * Survey year							
	Warmth	0.636	2.000	.318	.377	.686	.000	
	Competence	1.803	2.000	.902	.957	.384	.000	
	Admiration	7.747	2.000	3.874	4.014	.018	.002	
	Pity	0.631	2.000	.315	.297	.743	.000	
	Envy	3.924	2.000	1.962	1.808	.164	.001	
	Moral	0.488	2.000	.244	.224	.799	.000	
Error								
	Warmth	3339.804	3961.000	.843				
	Competence	3731.953	3961.000	.942				
	Admiration	3822.160	3961.000	.965				
	Pity	4202.633	3961.000	1.061				
	Envy	4297.345	3961.000	1.085				
	Moral	4309.911	3961.000	1.088				

NOTE. Greenhouse-Geisser correction reported. The multivariate within-subject effect of the old versus young comparison was significant F (6,3956) = 66.93, p < .001, η^2 = .092. Univariate tests revealed that the difference was significant on all item pairs (e.g., perceptions of friendliness of the under 30s versus over 70s. More importantly, there was also a significant comparison x age group interaction F (24, 15836) = 4.46, p < .001, η^2 = .007 showing that comparisons of people under 30 and over 70 were

not consistent between age-groups. Univariate tests revealed significant comparison x age group interactions for all items except envy. This means that evaluations (stereotypes) of older and younger people change depending on the age of the respondent. There was no effect of survey year suggesting evaluations (stereotypes) of older and younger people are fairly consistent thought out survey years.

Table B.4.2 Age stereotypes; a mixed factorial analysis of covariance (between subject effects)

ce		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η²
		Sum of Squares					
cept	Warmth	5878.941	1	5878.941	5003.251	.000	.558
	Competence	5419.035	1	5419.035	4640.254	.000	.539
	Admiration	4411.295	1	4411.295	3656.573	.000	.480
	Pity	3078.182	1	3078.182	2035.486	.000	.339
	Envy	2873.030	1	2873.030	2032.149	.000	.339
	Moral	5915.560	1	5915.560	6475.708	.000	.620
Group	Warmth	22.711	4	5.678	4.832	.001	.005
	Competence	20.929	4	5.232	4.480	.001	.005
	Admiration	14.226	4	3.557	2.948	.019	.003
	Pity	30.633	4	7.658	5.064	.000	.005
	Envy	5.983	4	1.496	1.058	.376	.001
	Moral	7.088	4	1.772	1.940	.101	.002

Table B.4.2 Continued

Source		Type III Sum of Squares	df S	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²	
Survey year	Warmth	28.272	2	14.136	12.030	.000	.006	
	Competence	25.496	2	12.748	10.916	.000	.005	
	Admiration	136.972	2	68.486	56.769	.000	.028	
	Pity	158.453	2	79.226	52.389	.000	.026	
	Envy	131.008	2	65.504	46.332	.000	.023	
	Moral	36.841	2	18.420	20.165	.000	.010	
Age Groups* Surv	ey year							
	Warmth	4.738	8	.592	.504	.854	.001	
	Competence	10.487	8	1.311	1.122	.344	.002	
	Admiration	5.915	8	.739	.613	.768	.001	
	Pity	2.060	8	.258	.170	.995	.000	
	Envy	33.826	8	4.228	2.991	.002	.006	
	Moral	5.079	8	.635	.695	.696	.001	

Table B.4.2 Continued

Source		Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
Error	Warmth	4654.271	3961	1.175			
	Competence	4625.781	3961	1.168			
	Admiration	4778.556	3961	1.206			
	Pity	5990.060	3961	1.512			
	Envy	5600.017	3961	1.414			
	Moral	3618.374	3961	.914			

NOTE. The between-subject effect of age group was significant for all items except moral and envy, indicating that ratings of both age groups varied as a function of respondents' age.

 Table B.4.3
 Age stereotypes; means and standard errors

	Warmth	Competence	Admiration	Pity	Envy	Moral
People over 70						
Mean	3.71 ^a	3.07 ^{bc}	3.21 ^{bde}	2.80 ^{bdfg}	2.09 ^{bdfhi}	4.06 ^{bdfhj}
SE	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
People under 30						
Mean	3.15 ^a	3.54 ^{bc}	2.82 ^{bde}	2.09 ^{bdfg}	2.69 ^{bdfhi}	2.69 ^{bdfhj}
SE	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03

Table B.4.4 Age stereotypes for people over 70; Means and standard errors

Warmt	h				Comp	etence			
16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80 +
3.76 ^a	3.61 ^b	3.56 ^{bc}	3.73 ^d	3.88 ^a	2.81 ^a	2.94 ^c	3.03 ^{be}	3.17 ^{bdg}	3.39 ^{bdfh}
0.06	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.10	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.10
Admira	ation				Pity				
16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
									ls al
3.30 ^a	3.21	3.14	3.09 ^b	3.31 ^a	3.14 ^a	2.99 ^a	2.75 ^{bc}	2.62 ^b	2.49 ^{bd}
	3.76 ^a 0.06 Admira	3.76 ^a 3.61 ^b 0.06 0.04 Admiration 16-24 25-49	16-24 25-49 50-64 3.76 ^a 3.61 ^b 3.56 ^{bc} 0.06 0.04 0.05 Admiration	16-24 25-49 50-64 65-79 3.76 ^a 3.61 ^b 3.56 ^{bc} 3.73 ^d 0.06 0.04 0.05 0.07 Admiration 16-24 25-49 50-64 65-79	16-24 25-49 50-64 65-79 80+ 3.76a 3.61b 3.56bc 3.73d 3.88a 0.06 0.04 0.05 0.07 0.10	16-24 25-49 50-64 65-79 80+ 16-24 3.76a 3.61b 3.56bc 3.73d 3.88a 2.81a 0.06 0.04 0.05 0.07 0.10 0.07 Admiration Pity 16-24 25-49 50-64 65-79 80+ 16-24	16-24 25-49 50-64 65-79 80+ 16-24 25-49 3.76a 3.61b 3.56bc 3.73d 3.88a 2.81a 2.94c 0.06 0.04 0.05 0.07 0.10 0.07 0.04 Admiration Pity 16-24 25-49 50-64 65-79 80+ 16-24 25-49	16-24 25-49 50-64 65-79 80+ 16-24 25-49 50-64 3.76a 3.61b 3.56bc 3.73d 3.88a 2.81a 2.94c 3.03be 0.06 0.04 0.05 0.07 0.10 0.07 0.04 0.05 Admiration Pity 16-24 25-49 50-64 65-79 80+ 16-24 25-49 50-64	16-24 25-49 50-64 65-79 80+ 16-24 25-49 50-64 65-79 3.76a 3.61b 3.56bc 3.73d 3.88a 2.81a 2.94c 3.03bc 3.17bdg 0.06 0.04 0.05 0.07 0.10 0.07 0.04 0.05 0.07 Admiration Pity 16-24 25-49 50-64 65-79 80+ 16-24 25-49 50-64 65-79

Table B.4.4 Continued

	Envy					Mora	l			
	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
									_	_
Mean			2.10			3.91 ^a		4.07 ^b	4.09 ^b	4.20 ^b
SE	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.10	0.06	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.09

 Table B.4.5
 Age stereotypes for people under 30; means and standard errors

	Warmt	h				Co	mpe	etence			
	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	16	24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	3.12 ^a	2.98 ^{bc}	3.15 ^d	3.23 ^d	3.28 ^d	3.7	5 ^a	3.40 ^b	3.43 ^b	3.50 ^b	3.59
SE	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.06	0.09	0.0	6	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.10

	Admira	ation				Pity				
	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	16-2	25-4	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	2.83 ^a	2.65 ^{bc}	2.75 ^c	2.93 ^d	2.96 ^d	2.20	2.06	2.12	2.06	2.03
SE	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.09	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.1

Table B.4.5 Continued

	Envy					Mora				
	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	2.80 ^a	2.66	2.59 ^b	2.65	2.72	2.87 ^a	2.60 ^b	2.63 ^b	2.61 ^b	2.74
SE	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.08	0.11	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.10

Table B. 4.6 Age stereotype difference scores; analysis of variance

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
		Sum of Squares					
Corrected Model	Warmth	90.971 28	3.249	1.927	0.002	0.013	
	Competence	225.569	28	8.056	4.275	0.000	0.029
	Admiration	196.155	28	7.006	3.630	0.000	0.025
	Pity	293.828	28	10.494	4.945	0.000	0.034
	Envy	157.847	28	5.637	2.598	0.000	0.018
	Moral	423.768	28	15.135	6.955	0.000	0.047
Intercept	Warmth	126.408	1	126.408	74.960	0.000	0.019
	Competence	39.540	1	39.540	20.983	0.000	0.005
	Admiration	60.144	1	60.144	31.165	0.000	0.008
	Pity	94.783	1	94.783	44.667	0.000	0.011
	Envy	123.569	1	123.569	56.949	0.000	0.014
	Moral	598.128	1	598.128	274.853	0.000	0.065
Age group	Warmth	17.996	4	4.499	2.668	0.031	0.003
	Competence	67.420	4	16.855	8.945	0.000	0.009

Table B.4.6 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Squa	re <i>F</i>	p	Partial η ²	
		Sum of Squares	6					
	Admiration	26.800	4	6.700	3.472	0.008	0.003	
	Pity	37.104	4	9.276	4.371	0.002	0.004	
	Envy	10.674	4	2.668	1.230	0.296	0.001	
	Moral	35.438	4	8.859	4.071	0.003	0.004	
Survey year	Warmth	1.272	2	0.636	0.377	0.686	0.000	
	Competence	3.606	2	1.803	0.957	0.384	0.000	
	Admiration	15.495	2	7.747	4.014	0.018	0.002	
	Pity	1.262	2	0.631	0.297	0.743	0.000	
	Envy	7.847	2	3.924	1.808	0.164	0.001	
	Moral	0.976	2	0.488	0.224	0.799	0.000	
Age groups * Surv	vey year							
	Warmth	5.347	8	0.668	0.396	0.923	0.001	
	Competence	24.289	8	3.036	1.611	0.116	0.003	
	Admiration	23.043	8	2.880	1.493	0.154	0.003	
	Pity	19.879	8	2.485	1.171	0.313	0.002	

Table B.4.6 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	р	Partial η ²	
		Sum of Squares						
	Envy	19.093	8	2.387	1.100	0.360	0.002	
	Moral	10.859	8	1.357	0.624	0.759	0.001	
Error	Warmth	6679.608	3961	1.686				
	Competence	7463.906	3961	1.884				
	Admiration	7644.320	3961	1.930				
	Pity	8405.266	3961	2.122				
	Envy	8594.689	3961	2.170				
	Moral	8619.822	3961	2.176				
Total	Warmth	8027.000	3990					
	Competence	8677.000	3990					
	Admiration	8418.000	3990					
	Pity	11052.000	3990					
	Envy	10105.000	3990					
	Moral	16783.000	3990					

Table B.4.6 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²	
		Sum of Squares						
Corrected Total	Warmth	6770.579	3989					
	Competence	7689.475	3989					
	Admiration	7840.475	3989					
	Pity	8699.094	3989					
	Envy	8752.537	3989					
	Moral	9043.589	3989					

NOTE. The multivariate ANCOVA revealed the effect of survey year was not significant.

Table B.4.7 Age stereotype difference scores; means and standard errors by survey year

	Warmth			Competence	•		Admiration	Admiration			
	2004	2006	2008	2004	2006	2008	2004	2006	2008		
Mean	0.53	0.58	0.56	-0.46	-0.52	-0.42	0.38	0.27 ^a	0.51 ^b		
SE	0.047	0.040	0.077	0.049	0.042	0.082	0.050	0.042	0.083		

Mean 0.71 0.67 0.73 -0.61 -0.51 -0.66 1.38 1.39 1.33 SE 0.052 0.044 0.087 0.053 0.045 0.088 0.053 0.045 0.088		Pity			Envy			Moral		
		2004	2006	2008	2004	2006	2008	2004	2006	2008
SE 0.052 0.044 0.087 0.053 0.045 0.088 0.053 0.045 0.088	Mean	0.71	0.67	0.73	-0.61	-0.51	-0.66	1.38	1.39	1.33
	SE	0.052	0.044	0.087	0.053	0.045	0.088	0.053	0.045	0.088

Table B.4.8 To what extent do you think that people over 70 are viewed as friendly; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	р
1	Age		.003	.001	.063	.013	4.956	.000
2	Age		.003	.001	.064	.013	4.816	.000
	Survey year	2005	.074	034	.033	.015	2.147	.032
		2006	.079	.034	.036	.015	2.344	.019
		2008	.308	.054	.078	.014	5.704	.000
	Gender	Female	098	.026	047	.013	-3.714	.000
	Social Class	Α	.032	.079	.005	.013	.406	.685
		В	086	.044	030	.015	-1.984	.047
		C2	.023	.039	.009	.015	.584	.559
		D	.119	.042	.043	.015	2.852	.004
		Е	.117	.040	.046	.016	2.950	.003
	Ethnicity	Non white	007	.046	002	.013	144	.886
3	Age		.001	.001	.026	.021	1.219	.223
	Survey year	2005	.072	.034	.032	.015	2.100	.036

Table B.4.8 Continued

Step	Predictor		В	1	BSE β	F	SSE t	p
	Survey year	2006	.075	.034	.034	.015	2.223	.026
		2008	.307	.054	.078	.014	5.668	.000
	Gender	Female	096	.028	046	.013	-3.442	.001
	Social Class	Α	.038	.079	.006	.013	.484	.629
		В	082	.044	028	.015	-1.875	.061
		C2	.027	.039	.011	.016	.695	.487
		D	.111	.043	.040	.015	2.607	.009
		Е	.063	.047	.024	.018	1.343	.179
	Ethnicity	Non white	017	.046	005	.013	381	.703
	Working status	Working PT	034	.045	011	.015	746	.456
		Not working	.020	.041	.008	.017	.501	.616
		Retired	.136	.051	.059	.022	2.678	.007
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	008	.039	004	.018	216	.829
		Rented from council	.043	.043	.017	.017	1.019	.308
		Rented privately	.037	.049	.012	.016	.743	.458
	Marital status	Not married	.031	.028	.015	.014	1.104	.270

NOTE. N = 6113. Multiple linear regression analysis revealed a significant overall model, F(18,6045) = 6.21, p < .001, $R^2 = .018$.

Table B.4.9 To what extent do you think that others in this country view people over 70 as capable; multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p	
1	Age		.008	.001	.143	.013	11.293	.000	
2	Age		.008	.001	.146	.013	11.105	.000	
	Survey year	2005	001	.036	.000	.015	022	.983	
		2006	.018	.035	.008	.015	.525	.599	
		2008	.286	.056	.070	.014	5.109	.000	
	Gender	Female	.015	.027	.007	.013	.550	.582	
	Social class	Α	248	.081	040	.013	-3.052	.002	
		В	104	.045	034	.015	-2.317	.021	
		C2	.072	.041	.027	.015	1.785	.074	
		D	.141	.043	.048	.015	3.243	.001	
		Е	.138	.041	.052	.015	3.353	.001	
	Ethnicity	Non-white	.021	.048	.006	.013	.439	.661	
3	Age		.007	.001	.133	.021	6.270	.000	
	Survey year	2005	004	.036	002	.015	124	.901	

Table B.4.9 Continued

tep	Predictor		В	В	SE β	β	SE t	p
	Survey year	2006	.017	.035	.008	.015	.495	.621
		2008	.287	.056	.070	.014	5.125	.000
	Gender	Female	.020	.029	.009	.013	.693	.488
	Social class	Α	249	.082	041	.013	-3.058	.002
		В	106	.045	035	.015	-2.345	.019
		C2	.066	.041	.025	.015	1.619	.106
		D	.132	.044	.046	.015	2.992	.003
		Е	.108	.048	.040	.018	2.233	.026
	Ethnicity	Non-white	.019	.048	.005	.013	969	.333
		Not working	.000	.042	.000	.017	.001	.999
		Retired	.010	.053	.004	.022	.183	.855
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	035	.041	015	.018	852	.394
		Rented from council	.041	.044	.016	.017	.932	.352
		Rented privately	078	.051	025	.016	-1.531	.126
	Marital status	Not married	008	.029	003	.014	259	.796

NOTE. N = 6101. Multiple linear regression analysis revealed a significant overall model, F(18, 6045) = 12.23, p < .001, $R^2 = .035$.

Table B.4.10 To what extent do you think that others view people over 70 with admiration; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p	
1	Age		005	.001	078	.013	-6.082	.000	
2	Age		004	.001	077	.013	-5.859	.000	
	Survey year	2005	.018	.037	.007	.015	.479	.632	
		2006	146	.036	062	.015	-4.076	.000	
		2008	.473	.058	.112	.014	8.168	.000	
	Gender	Female	023	.028	010	.013	814	.416	
	Social class	Α	079	.084	012	.013	938	.348	
		В	111	.047	035	.015	-2.393	.017	
		C2	.086	.042	.031	.015	2.055	.040	
		D	.115	.045	.038	.015	2.561	.010	
		Е	.198	.043	.071	.015	4.635	.000	
	Ethnicity	Non white	.008	.049	.002	.013	.164	.869	
3	Age		003	.001	056	.021	-2.627	.009	
	Survey year	2005	.017	.037	.007	.015	.474	.636	

Table B.4.10 Continued

tep	Predictor		В		B SE	β	β SE t	p
	Survey year	2006	145	.036	062	.015	-4.042	.000
		2008	.478	.058	.113	.014	8.242	.000
	Gender	Female	.005	.030	002	.013	172	.863
	Social class	Α	076	.084	012	.013	907	.364
		В	110	.047	035	.015	-2.356	.018
		C2	.081	.042	.030	.015	1.923	.054
		D	.111	.046	.037	.015	2.436	.015
		Е	.218	.050	.079	.018	4.362	.000
	Ethnicity	Non white	.016	.049	.004	.013	.328	.743
	Working status	Working PT	065	.049	019	.014	-1.339	.181
		Not working	088	.044	034	.017	-2.016	.044
		Retired	073	.055	029	.022	-1.339	.181
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.057	.042	.024	.018	1.357	.175
		Rented from council	.080	.046	.030	.017	1.755	.079
	Tenure	Rented privately	.083	.053	.025	.016	1.566	.117
	Marital status	Not married	024	.030	011	.014	792	.428

NOTE. N = 6081. Multiple linear regression analysis revealed a significant overall model, F(18,5883) = 12.30, p < .001, $R^2 = .035$.

Table B.4.11 To what extent do you think others view people over 70 with pity; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β <i>SE</i>	t	p	
I	Age		013	.001	209	.013	-16.631	.000	
2	Age		013	.001	206	.013	-15.924	.000	
	Survey year	2005	036	.040	014	.015	902	.367	
		2006	164	.039	064	.015	-4.235	.000	
		2008	.462	.063	.100	.013	7.386	.000	
	Gender	Female	.062	.031	.025	.013	2.016	.044	
	Social class	Α	.093	.091	.013	.013	1.027	.305	
		В	.019	.050	.006	.015	.385	.700	
		C2	048	.045	016	.015	-1.067	.286	
		D	059	.048	018	.015	-1.229	.219	
		E	036	.046	012	.015	789	.430	
	Ethnicity	Non white	.041	.053	.010	.013	.775	.438	
3	Age		010	.001	160	.021	-7.659	.000	
	Survey year	2005	035	.040	013	.015	886	.376	

Table B.4.11 Continued

Step	Predictor		В	E	B SE β	β	SE t	p
	Survey year	2006	163	.039	063	.015	-4.202	.000
		2008	.459	.063	.099	.014	7.330	.000
	Gender	Female	.072	.032	.030	.013	2.244	.025
	Social class	Α	.101	.091	.015	.013	1.114	.265
		В	.024	.050	.007	.015	.476	.634
		C2	051	.046	017	.015	-1.111	.267
		D	067	.049	020	.015	-1.353	.176
		Е	044	.054	014	.018	815	.415
	Ethnicity	Non white	.044	.053	.011	.013	.833	.405
	Working status	Working PT	049	.053	013	.014	925	.355
		Not working	032	.047	011	.016	677	.498
		Retired	130	.059	048	.022	-2.202	.028
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.054	.046	.021	.018	1.183	.237
		Rented from council	.066	.049	.022	.017	1.329	.184
		Rented privately	.115	.057	.032	.016	2.011	.044
	Marital status	Not married	.015	.033	.006	.013	.466	.641

NOTE. N = 6074. A multiple linear regression analysis revealed a significant overall model, F(18,5883) = 21.97, p < .001, $R^2 = .063$.

Table B.4.12 To what extent do you think others view people over 70 with envy; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β <i>SE</i>	t	p	
1	Age		002	.001	034	.013	-2.618	.009	
2	Age		001	.001	015	.013	-1.160	.246	
	Survey year	2005	.003	.036	.001	.015	.080	.936	
		2006	059	.035	026	.015	-1.681	.093	
		2008	.386	.057	.094	.014	6.828	.000	
	Gender	Female	109	.028	050	.013	-3.936	.000	
	Social class	Α	002	.082	.000	.013	029	.977	
		В	022	.046	007	.015	484	.628	
		C2	.048	.041	.018	.015	1.160	.246	
		D	.125	.044	.043	.015	2.851	.004	
		Е	.170	.042	.063	.016	4.068	.000	
	Ethnicity	Non white	.316	.048	.086	.013	6.545	.000	
3	Age		.000	.001	005	.021	235	.814	
	Survey year	2005	001	.036	.000	.015	015	.988	

Table B.4.12 Continued

ep	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β <i>SE</i>	t	p	
	Survey year	2006	061	.035	027	.015	-1.751	.080	
		2008	.383	.057	.093	.014	6.766	.000	
	Gender	Female	099	.029	045	.013	-3.384	.001	
	Social class	Α	.014	.082	.002	.013	.172	.864	
		В	010	.046	003	.015	228	.820	
		C2	.041	.041	.033	.015	2.182	.029	
		Е	.087	.049	.032	.018	1.786	.074	
	Ethnicity	Non white	.306	.048	.083	.013	6.320	.000	
	Working status	Working PT	069	.048	021	.015	-1.454	.146	
		Not working	005	.043	002	.017	124	.901	
		Retired .017	.053	.007	.022	.312	.755		
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.022	.041	.010	.018	.538	.591	
		Rented from council	.164	.045	.063	.017	3.678	.000	
		Rented privately	.136	.052	.043	.016	2.638	.008	
	Marital status	Not married	.008	.030	.004	.014	.276	.783	

NOTE. N = 6054; A multiple linear regression analysis revealed a significant overall model, F(18,5883) = 9.65, p < .001, $R^2 = .029$.

Table B.4.13 To what extent do you think that others in this country view people over 70 as moral; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β <i>SE</i>	t	p	
1	Age		.006	.001	.117	.013	9.202	.000	
2	Age		.005	.001	.092	.013	6.979	.000	
	Survey year	2005	279	.034	123	.015	-8.123	.000	
		2006	.037	.033	.017	.015	1.093	.274	
		2008	.262	.054	.066	.014	4.867	.000	
	Gender	Female	.030	.026	.014	.013	1.136	.256	
	Social class	Α	.091	.078	.015	.013	1.159	.246	
		В	023	.043	008	.015	540	.589	
		C2	045	.039	018	.015	-1.151	.250	
		D	097	.042	035	.015	-2.321	.020	
		Е	040	.040	015	.015	-1.007	.314	
	Ethnicity	Non white	249	.046	070	.013	-5.417	.000	
3	Age		.005	.001	.083	.021	3.936	.000	
	Survey year	2005	275	.034	122	.015	-8.012	.000	

Table B.4.13 Continued

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p
	Survey year	2006	.037	.033	.017	.015	1.106	.269
		2008	.268	.054	.068	.014	4.959	.000
	Gender	Female	.038	.028	.018	.013	1.081	.280
	Social class	Α	.085	.078	.014	.013	1.081	.280
		В	028	.043	010	.015	654	.513
		C2	036	.039	014	.015	927	.354
		D	077	.043	027	.015	-1.803	.071
		Е	.035	.047	.013	.018	.751	.453
	Ethnicity	Non white	241	.046	068	.013	-5.215	.000
	Working status	Working PT	003	.045	001	.014	068	.946
		Not working	072	.041	029	.017	-1.772	.076
		Retired	028	.051	012	.022	556	.578
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	009	.039	004	.018	236	.814
		Rented from council	103	.043	041	.017	-2.422	.015
		Rented privately	017	.049	006	.016	350	.727
	Marital status	Not married	.007	.028	.003	.013	.239	.811

NOTE. N = 6056.A multiple linear regression analysis revealed a significant overall model, F(18,5883) = 15.89, p < .001, $R^2 = .047$.

Table B.4.14 To what extent do you think that others in this country view people under 30 as friendly; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β <i>SE</i>	t	p	
1	Age		.002	.001	.043	.015	2.768	.006	
2	Age		.003	.001	.056	.016	3.475	.001	
	Survey year	2006	027	.032	014	.016	846	.398	
		2008	.198	.052	.062	.016	3.817	.000	
	Gender	Female	.039	.031	.019	.015	1.261	.208	
	Social class	Α	.020	.089	.004	.016	.228	.820	
		В	.048	.050	.017	.018	.955	.340	
		C2	.116	.045	.048	.019	2.592	.010	
		D	.160	.049	.060	.018	3.294	.001	
		Е	.087	.047	.034	.019	1.850	.064	
	Ethnicity	Non white	.173	.055	.049	.016	3.128	.002	
3	Age		.002	.001	.048	.026	1.851	.064	
	Survey year	2006	032	.032	016	.016	976	.329	
		2008	.191	.052	.060	.016	3.664	.000	

Table B.4.14 Continued

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p	
	Gender	Female	.040	.032	.020	.016	1.230	.219	
	Social class	Α	.030	.090	.005	.016	.329	.742	
		В	.052	.050	.019	.018	1.039	.299	
		C2	.124	.045	.052	.019	2.753	.006	
		D	.157	.049	.058	.018	3.174	.002	
		E	.039	.054	.015	.021	.715	.475	
	Ethnicity	Non white	.157	.056	.045	.016	2.813	.005	
	Working status	Working PT	029	.053	010	.018	557	.577	
		Not working	.042	.047	.018	.020	.890	.373	
		Retired	.050	.058	.023	.027	.850	.395	
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	023	.045	011	.022	518	.604	
		Rented from council	019	.050	008	.020	381	.703	
		Rented privately	.050	.056	.017	.019	.888	.375	
	Marital status	Not married	.068	.033	.034	.016	2.066	.039	

NOTE. N = 4204. A multiple linear regression analysis revealed a significant overall model, F(17,4169) = 3.76, p < .001, $R^2 = .015$.

Table B.4.15 To what extent do you think that others in this country view people under 30 as capable; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β <i>SE</i>	t	p	
1	Age		002	.001	036	.015	-2.336	.020	
2	Age		002	.001	033	.016	-2.066	.039	
	Survey year	2006	.055	.033	.027	.016	1.652	.099	
		2008	.212	.053	.065	.016	3.996	.000	
	Gender	Female	.044	.031	.022	.015	1.395	.163	
	Social class	Α	.002	.091	.000	.016	.019	.985	
		В	.038	.051	.013	.018	.747	.455	
		C2	.075	.046	.030	.019	1.635	.102	
		D	.128	.050	.047	.018	2.578	.010	
		Е	.123	.048	.048	.019	2.567	.010	
	Ethnicity	Non white	.078	.056	.022	.016	1.383	.167	
3	Age		003	.001	062	.026	-2.400	.016	
	Survey year	2006	.050	.033	.025	.016	1.524	.127	
		2008	.211	.053	.065	.016	3.968	.000	

Table B.4.15 Continued

Step	Predictor		В	В	SE β	β	SE t	p
	Gender	Female	.060	.033	.030	.016	1.817	.069
	Social class	Α	.000	.091	.000	.016	.003	.998
		В	.035	.051	.013	.018	.696	.486
		C2	.083	.046	.034	.019	1.810	.070
		D	.137	.051	.050	.018	2.702	.007
		Е	.090	.055	.035	.021	1.625	.104
	Ethnicity	Non white	.070	.057	.020	.016	1.237	.216
	Working status	Working PT	107	.054	036	.018	-2.004	.045
		Not working	.008	.048	.003	.020	.157	.876
		Retired	.102	.059	.046	.027	1.715	.086
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.028	.046	.013	.022	.609	.542
		Rented from council	.001	.051	.000	.020	.022	.982
		Rented privately	.029	.058	.010	.019	.498	.618
	Marital status	Not married	.050	.034	.024	.016	1.473	.141

NOTE. N = 4213. A multiple linear regression analysis revealed a significant overall model, F(17,4169) = 3.02, p < .001, $R^2 = .012$.

Table B.4.16 To what extent do you think that others in this country view people under 30 with admiration; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p	
1	Age		001	.001	013	.015	871	.384	
2	Age		.000	.001	.005	.016	.292	.770	
	Survey year	2006	094	.033	046	.016	-2.819	.005	
		2008	.320	.053	.098	.016	5.992	.000	
	Gender	Female	.025	.032	.012	.015	.792	.429	
	Social class	Α	.149	.091	.026	.016	1.628	.104	
		В	.022	.051	.008	.018	.440	.660	
		C2	.132	.046	.053	.019	2.882	.004	
		D	.126	.050	.045	.018	2.521	.012	
		Е	.162	.048	.062	.018	3.345	.001	
	Ethnicity	Non white	.345	.056	.096	.016	6.120	.000	
3	Age		001	.001	012	.026	471	.637	
	Survey year	2006	101	.033	049	.016	-3.043	.002	
		2008	.312	.053	.095	.016	5.838	.000	

Table B.4.16 Continued

Step	Predictor		В	E	SSE β	β	SE t	p
	Gender	Female	.030	.033	.015	.016	.918	.359
	Social class	Α	.171	.091	.030	.016	1.870	.062
		В	.034	.051	.012	.018	.666	.506
		C2	.132	.046	.053	.019	2.868	.004
		D	.099	.051	.036	.018	1.962	.050
		Е	.067	.056	.026	.021	1.208	.227
	Ethnicity	Non white	.320	.057	.089	.016	5.652	.000
	Working status	Working PT	047	.054	015	.018	876	.381
		Not working	.016	.048	.007	.020	.331	.740
		Retired	.061	.060	.027	.027	1.017	.309
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	065	.046	030	.022	-1.402	.161
		Rented from council	.073	.051	.029	.020	1.438	.150
		Rented privately	.072	.058	.024	.019	1.251	.211
	Marital status	Not married	.079	.034	.038	.016	2.345	.019

NOTE. N = 4177. A multiple linear regression analysis revealed a significant overall model, F(17,4062) = 8.16, p < .001, $R^2 = .034$.

Table B.4.17 To what extent do you think that others in this country view people under 30 with pity; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p	
1	Age		003	.001	051	.015	-3.268	.001	
2	Age		002	.001	038	.016	-2.375	.018	
	Survey year	2006	104	.036	047	.016	-2.884	.004	
		2008	.469	.058	.131	.016	8.075	.000	
	Gender	Female	086	.034	038	.015	-2.505	.012	
	Social class	Α	.008	.099	.001	.016	.081	.936	
		В	098	.055	032	.018	-1.774	.076	
		C2	007	.050	003	.019	142	.887	
		D	.076	.054	.025	.018	1.404	.160	
		Е	.114	.053	.040	.018	2.172	.030	
	Ethnicity	Non white	.214	.062	.055	.016	3.479	.001	
3	Age		002	.001	027	.026	-1.040	.298	
	Survey year	2006	105	.036	047	.016	-2.912	.004	
		2008	.467	.058	.131	.016	8.032	.000	

Table B.4.17 Continued

Step	Predictor		В	В	SE β	β	SE t	p
	Gender	Female	.063	.036	028	.016	-1.734	.083
	Social class	Α	.023	.099	.004	.016	.229	.819
		В	089	.056	029	.018	-1.609	.108
		C2	016	.050	006	.019	325	.745
		D	.058	.055	.019	.018	1.044	.297
		Е	.072	.060	.025	.021	1.194	.232
	Ethnicity	Non white	.201	.062	.051	.016	3.246	.001
	Working status	Working PT	098	.058	030	.018	-1.684	.092
		Not working	029	.053	011	.020	552	.581
		Retired	042	.065	017	.027	650	.516
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	035	.050	015	.021	688	.491
		Rented from council	.107	.055	.039	.020	1.937	.053
		Rented privately	.141	.063	.043	.019	2.248	.025
	Marital status	Not married	062	.037	027	.016	-1.680	.093

NOTE. N = 4170. A multiple linear regression analysis revealed a significant overall model, F(17,4062) = 9.22, p < .001, $R^2 = .038$.

Table B.4.18 To what extent do you think that others in this country view people under 30 with envy; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p	
1	Age		008	.001	134	.015	-8.727	.000	
2	Age		008	.001	129	.016	-8.174	.000	
	Survey year	2006	096	.039	040	.016	-2.451	.014	
		2008	.443	.063	.113	.016	7.024	.000	
	Gender	Female	102	.037	042	.015	-2.735	.006	
	Social class	Α	.106	.108	.016	.016	.986	.324	
		В	033	.060	010	.018	555	.579	
		C2	021	.054	007	.018	384	.701	
		D	055	.059	017	.018	927	.354	
		E	051	.057	016	.018	899	.369	
	Ethnicity	Non white	.004	.067	.001	.016	.061	.951	
3	Age		005	.002	072	.025	-2.851	.004	
	Survey year	2006	095	.039	039	.016	-2.429	.015	
		2008	.435	.063	.111	.016	6.890	.000	

Table B.4.18 Continued

ер Р	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p
C	Gender	Female	086	.039	035	.016	-2.187	.029
S	Social class	Α	.115	.108	.017	.016	1.068	.286
		В	030	.060	009	.018	498	.619
		C2	019	.054	006	.019	346	.730
		D	050	.060	015	.018	839	.401
		Е	086	.066	028	.021	-1.314	.189
Е	Ethnicity	Non white	002	.067	001	.016	032	.975
V	Working status	Working PT	110	.063	030	.017	-1.727	.084
		Not working	.040	.057	.014	.020	.694	.488
		Retired	109	.070	041	.026	-1.552	.121
Т	Геnure	Bought on mortgage	.104	.055	.041	.021	1.898	.058
		Rented from council	.055	.060	.018	.020	.923	.356
		Rented privately	.149	.068	.042	.019	2.184	.029
N	Marital status	Not married	.024	.040	.010	.016	.608	.543

NOTE. N = 4195.A multiple linear regression analysis revealed a significant overall model, F(17,4062) = 9.94, p < .001, $R^2 = .041$

Table B.4.19 To what extent do you think that others in this country view people under 30 as moral; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p	
1	Age		005	.001	095	.015	-6.193	.000	
2	Age		005	.001	082	.016	-5.128	.000	
	Survey year	2006	.024	.034	.012	.016	.708	.479	
		2008	.299	.055	.088	.016	5.410	.000	
	Gender	Female	052	.033	024	.015	-1.581	.114	
	Social class	Α	027	.095	005	.016	286	.775	
		В	009	.053	003	.018	177	.860	
		C2	.161	.047	.063	.019	3.389	.001	
		D	.236	.052	.082	.018	4.576	.000	
		Е	.184	.050	.068	.018	3.664	.000	
	Ethnicity	Non white	.203	.059	.054	.016	3.466	.001	
}	Age		004	.001	072	.026	-2.809	.005	
	Survey year	2006	.021	.034	.010	.016	.609	.543	
		2008	.290	.055	.085	.016	5.236	.000	

Table B.4.19 Continued

ep	Predictor		В	В	SE β	β	SE t	p
	Gender	Female	052	.034	025	.016	-1.518	.129
	Social class	Α	013	.095	002	.016	137	.891
		В	001	.053	.000	.018	028	.978
		C2	.155	.048	.060	.019	3.243	.001
		D	.213	.053	.074	.018	4.052	.000
		Е	.095	.058	.035	.021	1.640	.101
	Ethnicity	Non white	.183	.059	.049	.016	3.113	.002
	Working status	Working PT	032	.056	010	.018	569	.570
		Not working	.062	.050	.025	.020	1.239	.215
		Retired	.001	.062	.000	.027	.008	.993
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	039	.048	018	.022	814	.416
		Rented from council	.081	.053	.031	.020	1.535	.125
		Rented privately	.037	.060	.012	.019	.622	.534
	Marital status	Not married	.037	.035	.017	.016	1.055	.291

NOTE. N = 4176. A multiple linear regression analysis revealed a significant overall model, F(17,4062) = 7.71, p < .001, $R^2 = .032$.

B.5 Tables on ageing as a perceived threat (Chapter 8)

Table B.5.1 Perceived threat to economic well-being: 2004 and 2006; analysis of covariance

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
		Sum of Squares					
Corrected Model		62.293	23	2.708	3.741	.000	.028
Intercept		1880.580	1	1880.580	2597.875	.000	.463
Independent varia	bles						
Survey year		0.050	1	.050	0.070	.792	.000
Age group		20.736	4	5.184	7.161	.000	.009
Survey year * Age group		3.431	4	.858	1.185	.315	.002
Covariates							
Gender	Female	2.649	1	2.649	3.659	.056	.001
Social class	Α	1.252	1	1.252	1.729	.189	.001
	В	0.572	1	.572	0.790	.374	.000
	C2	0.167	1	.167	0.231	.631	.000
	D	0.057	1	.057	0.078	.780	.000
	Е	1.554	1	1.554	2.146	.143	.001
Ethnicity	Non-white	10.417	1	10.417	14.390	.000	.005

Table B.5.1 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
	:	Sum of Squares					
Working status	Working PT	0.555	1	.555	0.767	.381	.000
	Not working	0.033	1	.033	0.045	.831	.000
	Retired	0.037	1	.037	0.051	.822	.000
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	0.097	1	.097	0.134	.714	.000
	Rented council	0.651	1	.651	0.899	.343	.000
	Rented privately	0.084	1	.084	0.116	.733	.000
Marital status	Not married	2.385	1	2.385	3.294	.070	.001
Error		2181.085	3013	.724			
Total		32098.000	3037				
Corrected Total		2243.379	3036				

NOTE. The ANCOVA revealed significant differences between age groups; F(4, 3013) = 7.16, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .009$.

Table B.5.2 Perceived threat to economic well-being: 2004 and 2006; Means and standard errors for age groups

Age group	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	2.88 ^a	3.15 ^b	3.17 ^b	3.22 ^b	3.09 ^b
SE	0.05	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.08

Table B.5.3 Perceived threat to economic well-being: 2004 and 2006; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β <i>SE</i>	t	p	
1	Age		.003	.001	.074	.018	4.090	.000	
2	Age		.002	.001	.054	.019	2.871	.004	
	Survey year	2006	006	.031	004	.018	-0.207	.836	
	Gender	Female	.074	.031	.043	.018	2.379	.017	
	Social class	Α	110	.088	024	.019	-1.248	.212	
		В	.041	.051	.017	.021	0.815	.415	
		C2	.028	.045	.014	.022	0.625	.532	
		D	.009	.050	.004	.021	0.178	.859	
		Е	.056	.048	.026	.022	1.169	.242	
	Ethnicity	Non-white	242	.059	076	.019	-4.077	.000	
}	Age		.004	.001	.078	.031	2.517	.012	
	Survey year	2006	001	.031	001	.018	-0.034	.973	
	Gender	Female	.072	.033	.042	.019	2.183	.029	
	Social class	А	115	.089	025	.019	-1.303	.193	

Table B.5.3 Continued

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β <i>SE</i>	t	p
	Social class	В	.042	.051	.018	.021	0.832	.406
		C2	.016	.046	.008	.022	0.353	.724
		D	.009	.051	.004	.022	0.177	.859
		E	.093	.055	.042	.025	1.678	.094
	Ethnicity	Non-white	228	.060	071	.019	-3.812	.000
	Working status	Working PT	.033	.054	.013	.021	0.621	.534
		Not working	021	.050	010	.023	-0.434	.664
		Retired	063	.059	034	.032	-1.067	.286
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.025	.046	.014	.025	0.556	.578
		Rented from council	.053	.050	.025	.023	1.053	.293
		Rented privately	014	.058	005	.023	-0.237	.813
	Marital status	Not married	102	.034	059	.019	-3.044	.002

NOTE. N = 3036. The multiple linear regression analysis showed that the overall model was significant, F(16, 3020) = 3.84, p < .001, $R^2 = .020$.

Table B.5.4 Perceived threat to economic well-being: 2005 and 2008; analysis of covariance

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
		Sum of Square	es				
Corrected Model		58.671	23	2.551	4.031	.000	.041
Intercept		668.317	1	668.317	1056.058	.000	.325
Independent varia	bles						
Survey year		8.834	1	8.834	13.960	.000	.006
Age group		5.500	4	1.375	2.173	.070	.004
Survey year * Age group		5.575	4	1.394	2.202	.066	.004
Covariate							
Gender	Female	1.883	1	1.883	2.975	.085	.001
Social class	Α	0.013	1	0.013	0.020	.886	.000
	В	0.048	1	0.048	0.076	.783	.000
	C2	4.835	1	4.835	7.641	.006	.003
	D	2.637	1	2.637	4.167	.041	.002
	Е	0.804	1	0.804	1.270	.260	.001
Ethnicity	Non-white	5.378	1	5.378	8.499	.004	.004

Table B.5.4 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
	:	Sum of Square	s				
Working status	Working PT	0.179	1	0.179	0.283	.595	.000
	Not working	0.016	1	0.016	0.026	.873	.000
	Retired	0.501	1	0.501	0.791	.374	.000
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	0.190	1	0.190	0.300	.584	.000
	Rented from council	0.087	1	0.087	0.137	.712	.000
	Rented privately	0.131	1	0.131	0.207	.649	.000
larital status	Not married	0.004	1	0.004	0.007	.935	.000
rror		1385.289	2189	0.633			
otal		13705.000	2213				
orrected Total		1443.960	2212				

NOTE. The ANCOVA revealed a main effect of survey year; F(1, 2189) = 13.96, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .006$.

Table B.5.5 Perceived threat to economic well-being: 2005 and 2008; Means and standard errors for survey year

Survey Year	2005	2008
Mean	2.40 ^a	2.21 ^b
SE	.03	.05

Table B.5.6 Perceived threat to economic well-being: 2005 and 2008; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p	
1	Age		.005	.001	.129	.021	6.134	.000	
2	Age		.005	.001	.119	.022	5.465	.000	
	Survey year	2008	144	.042	072	.021	-3.419	.001	
	Gender	Female	.059	.034	.036	.021	1.713	.087	
	Social class	Α	.025	.108	.005	.022	.232	.817	
		В	008	.057	004	.024	149	.881	
		C2	.143	.051	.071	.025	2.803	.005	
		D	.115	.053	.054	.025	2.157	.031	
		Е	.075	.051	.038	.026	1.486	.137	
	Ethnicity	Non-white	159	.057	061	.022	-2.812	.005	
3	Age		.006	.001	.144	.035	4.151	.000	
	Survey year	2008	146	.042	073	.021	-3.428	.001	
	Gender	Female	.058	.036	.036	.022	1.624	.104	

Table B.5.6 Continued

step	Predictor		В	В	SE β	β	SE t	p
	Social class	А	.024	.108	.005	.022	.225	.822
		В	006	.057	003	.025	106	.915
		C2	.137	.051	.068	.026	2.673	.008
		D	.100	.055	.047	.026	1.831	.067
		Е	.068	.061	.035	.031	1.123	.262
	Ethnicity	Non-white	156	.057	060	.022	-2.748	.006
	Working status	Working PT	.018	.058	.007	.024	.306	.760
		Not working	018	.051	010	.028	347	.729
		Retired	039	.067	021	.036	589	.556
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.013	.052	.008	.030	.259	.796
		Rented from council	.061	.056	.032	.030	1.084	.278
		Rented privately	.084	.065	.035	.027	1.296	.195
	Marital status	Not married	027	.037	017	.022	744	.457

NOTE. N = 2215. The multiple linear regression analysis revealed a significant overall model F(16, 2199) = 4.89, p < .001, $R^2 = .034$.

Table B.5.7 Perceived material threat; analysis of covariance

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
		Sum of Square	es				
Corrected Model	I	116.881	23	5.082	7.754	.000	.047
Intercept		2210.962	1	2210.962	3373.583	.000	.485
Independent vari	iables						
Survey year		37.360	1	37.360	57.006	.000	.016
Age group		6.171	4	1.543	2.354	.052	.003
Survey year * Age group		5.966	4	1.491	2.276	.059	.003
Covariates							
Gender	Female	0.117	1	0.117	0.179	.672	.000
	Α	0.499	1	0.499	0.761	.383	.000
	В	1.515	1	1.515	2.311	.129	.001
	C2	0.152	1	0.152	0.233	.630	.000
	D	0.043	1	0.043	0.066	.797	.000
	Е	0.836	1	0.836	1.276	.259	.000
Ethnicity	Non-white	2.250	1	2.250	3.434	.064	.001

Table B.5.7 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
	:	Sum of Square	s				
Working status	Working PT	0.063	1	0.063	0.096	.756	.000
	Not working	0.141	1	0.141	0.215	.643	.000
	Retired	0.022	1	0.022	0.033	.855	.000
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	0.008	1	0.008	0.013	.910	.000
	Rented council	0.810	1	0.810	1.235	.266	.000
	Rented privately	1.917	1	1.917	2.925	.087	.001
Marital status	Not married	1.588	1	1.588	2.422	.120	.001
Error		2344.931	3578	0.655			
Total		36637.000	3602				
Corrected Total		2461.813	3601				

NOTE. The ANCOVA revealed a main effect of survey year was significant; F(1, 3578) = 57.01, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .016$.

 Table B.5.8
 Perceived material threat; Means and standard errors for survey year

 Table B.5.9
 Perceived material threat; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p	
1	Age		.001	.001	.022	.017	1.349	.177	
2	Age		.002	.001	.038	.017	2.202	.028	
	Survey year	2005	.306	.027	.185	.016	11.234	.000	
	Gender	Female	009	.027	005	.016	330	.741	
	Social class	А	.066	.081	.014	.017	.814	.416	
		В	072	.045	030	.019	-1.586	.113	
		C2	.020	.041	.010	.020	.482	.630	
		D	.022	.043	.010	.019	.508	.612	
		Е	.082	.040	.041	.020	2.030	.042	
	Ethnicity	Non-white	.090	.045	.034	.017	2.009	.045	
3	Age		.000	.001	.010	.028	.351	.725	
	Survey year	2005	.307	.027	.185	.016	11.247	.000	
	Gender	Female	015	.029	009	.017	538	.591	

Table B.5.9 Continued

tep	Predictor		В	В	SE β	β	SE t	p
	Social class	A	.066	.081	.014	.017	.811	.417
		В	068	.046	029	.019	-1.498	.134
		C2	.019	.041	.009	.020	.458	.647
		D	.011	.044	.005	.020	.244	.807
		Е	.046	.048	.023	.024	.950	.342
	Ethnicity	Non-white	.083	.045	.031	.017	1.843	.065
	Working status	Working PT	.020	.047	.008	.019	.427	.670
		Not working	.030	.042	.015	.022	.707	.480
		Retired	.108	.053	.058	.028	2.039	.042
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	001	.041	.000	.023	017	.986
		Rented from council	.051	.044	.026	.023	1.151	.250
		Rented privately	.090	.051	.037	.021	1.768	.077
	Marital status	Not married	028	.029	017	.018	955	.340

NOTE. N = 3601. The multiple linear regression analysis revealed a significant model overall, F(16, 3585) = 10.02, p < .001, $R^2 = .043$.

Table B.5.10 Perceived symbolic threat; analysis of covariance

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
		Sum of Squares					
Correted model		695.793a	33	21.085	30.270	0.000	0.139
Intercept		4355.736	1	4355.736	6253.311	0.000	0.502
Independent varia	bles						
Survey year		410.450	3	136.817	196.421	0.000	0.087
Age group		15.097	4	3.774	5.419	0.000	0.003
Survey year *Age	group	35.278	12	2.940	4.221	0.000	0.008
Covariate							
Gender	Female	0.957	1	0.957	1.374	0.241	0.000
Social class	Α	0.056	1	0.056	0.080	0.778	0.000
	В	0.098	1	0.098	0.140	0.708	0.000
	C2	2.075	1	2.075	2.979	0.084	0.000
	D	0.673	1	0.673	0.967	0.326	0.000
	E	1.865	1	1.865	2.677	0.102	0.000
Ethnicity	Non-white	0.192	1	0.192	0.276	0.599	0.000

Table B.5.10 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
	:	Sum of Squares					
Working status	Working PT	0.139	1	0.139	0.199	0.655	0.000
	Not working	0.000	1	0.000	0.000	0.998	0.000
	Retired	1.720	1	1.720	2.469	0.116	0.000
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	3.685	1	3.685	5.290	0.021	0.001
	Rented from council	0.928	1	0.928	1.333	0.248	0.000
	Rented privately	0.572	1	0.572	0.821	0.365	0.000
Marital status	Not married	0.198	1	0.198	0.284	0.594	0.000
Error		4323.478	6207	0.697			
Total		71629.000	6241				
Corrected total		5019.271	6240				

NOTE. The ANCOVA revealed a main effect of survey year; F(3, 6207) = 196.42, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .087$, a main effect of age group F(4, 6207) = 5.419, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .003$ and a significant interaction showing that age group differences were not consistent over time; F(12, 6207) = 4.22, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .008$.

Table B. 5.11 Perceived symbolic threat; Means and standard errors for survey year and age group

Survey Year	2004	2005	2006	2008	Age group	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	3.53 ^{bd}	3.45 ^{bd}	2.84 ^{ad}	3.73 ^{bc}		3.25 ^a	3.31 ^a	3.42 ^b	3.52 ^b	3.45
SE	0.025	0.026	0.025	0.048		0.041	0.024	0.029	0.042	0.061

Table B.5.12 Perceived symbolic threat; Means and standard errors according to survey year and age group

Survey Year	2004					2005				
Age Group	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	3.45 ^a	3.364 ^c	3.445 ^c	3.586 ^{ad}	3.827 ^{bd}	3.279 ^a	3.413 ^{bc}	3.493 ^b	3.571 ^{bc}	^d 3.509 ^b
SE	0.061	0.034	0.042	0.054	0.089	0.052	0.032	0.041	0.055	0.096

Survey Year	2006					2008				
Age Group	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	2.876	2.812	2.812	2.846	2.853	3.401 ^a	3.648 ^a	3.926 ^b	4.089 ^b	3.596 ^a
SE	0.054	0.032	0.040	0.050	0.092	0.116	0.060	0.090	0.100	0.152

Table B. 5.13 Perceived symbolic threat; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β S <i>E</i>	t	p
1	Age		0.002	0.001	0.049	0.013	3.894	0.000
2	Age		0.003	0.001	0.059	0.012	4.747	0.000
	Survey year	2005	-0.011	0.027	-0.006	0.014	-0.400	0.689
		2006	-0.632	0.027	-0.331	0.014	-23.315	0.000
		2008	0.279	0.044	0.080	0.013	6.308	0.000
	Gender Female		0.025	0.021	0.014	0.012	1.179	0.239
	Social class	Α	-0.029	0.064	-0.006	0.012	-0.450	0.652
		В	-0.020	0.035	-0.008	0.014	-0.577	0.564
		C2	0.060	0.032	0.027	0.014	1.910	0.056
		D	0.047	0.034	0.019	0.014	1.377	0.168
		Е	0.081	0.032	0.036	0.014	2.511	0.012
	Ethnicity	Non-white	0.020	0.037	0.007	0.012	0.543	0.587
3	Age		0.003	0.001	0.070	0.020	3.530	0.000
	Survey year	2005	-0.011	0.028	-0.006	0.014	-0.409	0.683
		2006	-0.631	0.027	-0.331	0.014	-23.260	0.000
		2008	0.278	0.044	0.080	0.013	6.277	0.000

Table B.5.13 Continued

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β S <i>E</i>	t	p
	Gender	Female	0.021	0.023	0.011	0.013	0.913	0.361
	Social class	Α	-0.025	0.064	-0.005	0.012	-0.392	0.695
		В	-0.016	0.035	-0.006	0.014	-0.463	0.643
		C2	0.056	0.032	0.025	0.014	1.756	0.079
		D	0.037	0.034	0.015	0.014	1.082	0.279
		Е	0.054	0.038	0.024	0.017	1.427	0.154
	Ethnicity	Non-white	0.020	0.037	0.007	0.012	0.542	0.588
	Working status	Working PT	0.018	0.037	0.007	0.014	0.500	0.617
		Not working	0.023	0.033	0.011	0.016	0.697	0.486
		Retired	0.020	0.041	0.010	0.021	0.483	0.629
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	0.050	0.032	0.026	0.017	1.569	0.117
		Rented from council	0.080	0.034	0.037	0.016	2.317	0.021
		Rented privately	0.053	0.040	0.020	0.015	1.332	0.183
	Marital status	Not married	-0.013	0.023	-0.007	0.013	-0.576	0.565

NOTE. N =6243.A multiple linear regression analysis revealed a significant overall model, F(18, 6225) = 52.18, p < .001, $R^2 = .131$

B.6 Tables on expressions of age prejudice (Chapter 9)

Table B.6.1 Indirect prejudice against people over 70; analysis of covariance

Source		Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
Corrected Model		110.630	28	3.951	6.397	.000	.033
Intercept		4062.357	1	4062.357	6576.762	.000	.556
Independent varia	ables						
Survey year		23.719	2	11.859	19.200	.000	.007
Age group		3.984	4	.996	1.612	.168	.001
Survey year * Age	e group	12.141	8	1.518	2.457	.012	.004
Covariates							
Gender	Female	0.174	1	.174	0.282	.595	.000
Social class	Α	5.072	1	5.072	8.212	.004	.002
	В	3.989	1	3.989	6.457	.011	.001
	C2	7.385	1	7.385	11.956	.001	.002
	D	0.755	1	.755	1.222	.269	.000
	Е	5.366	1	5.366	8.687	.003	.002
Ethnicity	Non-white	1.230	1	1.230	1.991	.158	.000

Table B.6.1 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
	Sun	n of Squares					
Working status	Working PT	0.026	1	.026	0.041	.839	.000
	Not working	0.562	1	.562	0.909	.340	.000
	Retired	0.052	1	.052	0.084	.772	.000
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	0.795	1	.795	1.287	.257	.000
	Rented from council	1.120	1	1.120	1.813	.178	.000
	Rented privately	1.081	1	1.081	1.750	.186	.000
Marital status	Not married	0.065	1	.065	0.106	.745	.000
Error		3239.132	5244	.618			
Total		64829.000	5273				
Corrected Total		3349.761	5272				

NOTE. The ANCOVA showed significant differences between survey years; F(2, 5244) = 19.20, p < .01, partial $\eta^2 = .007$. The interaction between survey year and age group suggest that the differences between age groups were not consistent over time; F(8, 5244) = 2.46, p < .05, partial $\eta^2 = .004$.

Table B.6.2 Indirect prejudice against people over 70; Means and standard errors for survey years

Survey year	2004	2005	2006
Mean	3.37 ^a	3.35°	3.54 ^{bd}
SE	0.03	0.03	0.02

Table B.6.3 Indirect prejudice against people over 70; means and standard errors according to survey year and age group

Survey Year	2004					2005					2006				
Age Group	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	***	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	3.29	3.36	3.41	3.43	3.38	3.21 ^a	3.25 ^c	3.31 ^e	3.48 ^{bdf}	3.48 ^{bd}	3.50	3.58	3.55	3.52	3.54
SE	0.06	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.09	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.10	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.09

Table B.6.4 Indirect prejudice against people over 70; a multiple linear regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β <i>SE</i>	t	p	
1	Age		.002	.001	.040	.014	2.899	.004	
2	Age		.001	.001	.028	.014	2.003	.045	
	Study year	2005	065	.027	038	.016	-2.371	.018	
		2006	.173	.027	.104	.016	6.501	.000	
	Gender	Female	.014	.022	.009	.014	0.663	.507	
	Social class	Α	.171	.063	.039	.014	2.715	.007	
		В	.089	.036	.039	.016	2.466	.014	
		C2	111	.032	056	.017	-3.412	.001	
		D	034	.035	016	.016	-0.975	.330	
		Е	096	.033	049	.017	-2.928	.003	
	Ethnicity	Non-white	051	.039	018	.014	-1.319	.187	
3	Age		.003	.001	.066	.023	2.848	.004	
	Study year	2005	064	.027	038	.016	-2.353	.019	

Table B.6.4 Continued

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β S <i>E</i>	t	р
	Survey year	2006	.175	.027	.105	.016	6.556	.000
	Gender	Female	.013	.023	.008	.014	0.557	.578
	Social class	Α	.173	.063	.039	.014	2.747	.006
		В	.092	.036	.041	.016	2.552	.011
		C2	114	.033	058	.017	-3.492	.000
		E	117	.039	059	.020	-3.034	.002
	Ethnicity Non-white		051	.039	018	.014	-1.302	.193
	Working status	Working PT	.002	.038	.001	.016	0.059	.953
		Not working	.031	.034	.017	.018	0.924	.356
		Retired	033	.042	019	.024	-0.791	.429
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.046	.032	.027	.019	1.420	.156
		Rented from council	.054	.035	.028	.018	1.530	.126
		Rented privately	.066	.041	.028	.017	1.611	.107
	Marital status	Not married	010	.023	006	.015	-0.413	.680

NOTE. N = 5272. The test of the overall regression model was statistically significant; F(17, 5255) = 9.50, p < .001, $R^2 = .030$.

Table B.6.5 Internal and external control of prejudice; analysis of covariance

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η²
		Sum of Square	S				
Corrected Model	Internal control	271.444	18	15.080	2.346	.001	.087
	External control	305.448	18	16.969	2.264	.002	.084
Intercept	Internal control	1947.876	1	1947.876	303.028	.000	.405
	External control	1410.647	1	1410.647	188.199	.000	.297
Age group	Internal control	28.562	4	7.140	1.111	.351	.010
	External control	30.220	4	7.555	1.008	.403	.009
Error	Internal control	2860.478	445	6.428			
	External control	3335.498	445	7.496			
Total	Internal control	34812.000	464				
	External control	33257.000	464				
Corrected Total	Internal control	3131.922	463				
	External control	3640.946	463				

NOTE. The ANCOVA revealed no significant differences

Table B.6.6 Internal control of prejudice; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	р
1	Age		.004	.006	.032	.047	.685	.494
2	Age		.001	.007	.008	.047	.168	.867
	Gender Femal	е	.125	.261	.023	.047	.478	.633
	Social class	A	573	.989	027	.047	579	.563
		В	.481	.403	.064	.053	1.193	.233
		C2	139	.361	021	.055	384	.701
		D	806	.389	112	.054	-2.072	.039
		Е	507	.411	068	.055	-1.233	.218
	Ethnicity	Non-white	-1.332	.421	150	.047	-3.160	.002
3	Age		.003	.010	.018	.072	.251	.802
	Gender Femal	e	.233	.277	.042	.050	.840	.401
	Social class	Α	633	.996	030	.047	635	.526

Table B.6.6 Continued

tep	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p
	Social class	В	.440	.412	.058	.055	1.067	.287
		C2	091	.367	014	.056	248	.804
		D	791	.404	110	.056	-1.957	.051
		Е	032	.467	004	.062	068	.945
	Ethnicity	Non-white	-1.236	.428	139	.048	-2.891	.004
	Working status	Working PT	096	.437	012	.055	220	.826
		Not working	694	.374	115	.062	-1.858	.064
		Retired	057	.488	009	.077	117	.907
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.406	.393	.070	.068	1.034	.302
		Rented from council	156	.422	023	.062	370	.712
		Rented privately	.543	.468	.073	.063	1.161	.246
	Marital status	Not married	.042	.276	.008	.050	.151	.880

NOTE. N = 460. The test of overall regression model was significant; F(15, 445) = 1.92, p < .05, $R^2 = .061$.

Table B.6.7 External control of prejudice; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β SE	t	p
1	Age		.001	.007	.007	.047	.151	.880
2	Age		002	.007	011	.048	228	.820
	Gender	Female	.539	.278	.093	.048	1.943	.053
	Social class	A	.264	1.049	.012	.048	.252	.801
		В	.735	.430	.092	.054	1.710	.088
		C2	.173	.384	.025	.056	.451	.652
		D	188	.415	025	.054	454	.650
		Е	278	.436	035	.056	637	.525
	Ethnicity	Non-white	999	.447	107	.048	-2.233	.026
3	Age		005	.011	037	.072	517	.605
	Gender	Female	.614	.293	.106	.051	2.093	.037
	Social class	A	.294	1.051	.013	.048	.279	.780

Table B.6.7 Continued

Predictor		В	B SE	β	β <i>SE</i>	t	p	
Social class	В	.769	.437	.096	.055	1.760	.079	
	C2	.215	.387	.031	.056	.555	.579	
	D	390	.428	051	.056	911	.363	
	Е	.049	.493	.006	.063	.099	.921	
Ethnicity	Non-white	864	.451	092	.048	-1.914	.056	
Working stat	us Working PT	.598	.461	.071	.055	1.296	.196	
	Not working	763	.396	120	.062	-1.926	.055	
	Retired	.562	.515	.084	.077	1.090	.276	
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.628	.416	.103	.068	1.509	.132	
	Rented from council	.639	.447	.089	.062	1.431	.153	
	Rented privately	.667	.495	.085	.063	1.347	.179	
Marital status	Not married	.187	.292	.032	.050	.639	.523	

NOTE. N = 458. The test of overall regression model was significant; F(15, 443) = 1.72, p < .05, $R^2 = .055$.

Table B.6.8 Direct prejudice against people under 30 and over 70: comparisons between types (old vs. young) of prejudice; a mixed factorial analysis of covariance (within-subjects effects)

Source	Type III	df	Mean Square	e F	p	Partial η ²
	Sum of Squares					
Type of prejudice	9.831	1	9.831	24.119	.000	.007
Type of prejudice * Survey year	.860	2	.430	1.055	.348	.001
Type of prejudice * Age group	13.847	4	3.462	8.493	.000	.009
Type of prejudice * Survey year * Age group	8.194	8	1.024	2.513	.010	.006
Error	1447.825	3552	.408			

NOTE. Greenhouse-Geisser corrected A significant difference in levels of prejudice toward people over 70 versus those under 30 was found; F(1,3552) = 24.12, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .007$. Significant interaction effects also indicated that this difference was dependent on the age group of respondents; F(4,3552) = 8.49, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .009$. The interaction between age group and survey year suggests that these differences were not consistent over time; F(8,3552) = 2.51, p < .05, partial $\eta^2 = .006$.

Table B.6.9 Direct prejudice against people under 30 and over 70: comparisons between types (over 70 and under 30) of prejudice; analysis of covariance (between-subjects effects)

Source		Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	e F	p	Partial η ²	
Corrected Model	Over 70	164.553	28	5.877	9.631	.000	.071	
	Under 30	188.358	28	6.727	9.050	.000	.067	
Intercept	Over 70	3748.619	1	3748.619	6143.267	.000	.634	
	Under 30	3225.305	1	3225.305	4338.819	.000	.550	
Survey year	Over 70	48.350	2	24.175	39.618	.000	.022	
	Under 30	57.609	2	28.805	38.749	.000	.021	
Age group	Over 70	13.124	4	3.281	5.377	.000	.006	
	Under 30	10.308	4	2.577	3.467	.008	.004	
Survey year * Age g	roup Over 70	10.297	8	1.287	2.109	.032	.005	
	Under 30	16.868	8	2.108	2.836	.004	.006	
Error	Over 70	2167.429	3552	.610				
	Under 30	2640.415	3552	.743				

continued

Table B.6.9 Continued

Source		Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
Total	Over 70	59564.000	3581				
	Under 30	49783.000	3581				
	Over 70	2331.982	3580				
	Under 30	2828.772	3580				

Table B.6.10 Direct prejudice against people over 70 and under 30; means and standard errors for age groups

Prejudice type	Over 7	0				Under	30			
Age group	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+
Mean	3.95 ^a	4.00 ^c	4.07 ^{be}	4.28 ^{bdf}	⁹ 4.09 ^h	3.87 ^a	3.66 ^b	3.73	3.69 ^b	3.63 ^b
SE	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.08	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.08

Table B.6.11 Direct prejudice against people over 70 and under 30; means and standard errors for age groups according survey year

Prejudice t	ype		2005					2006					2008		
	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	***
Direct prej	udice agair	nst peop	ole over	70											
Mean	4.03 ^a	4.07 ^c	4.25 ^{bd}	4.51 ^{bd}	4.29	3.74 ^a	3.82 ^c	3.84 ^d	4.04 ^b	4.05 ^b	4.07	4.10	4.13	4.28 ^a	3.93 ^b
SE	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.12	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.09	0.11	0.06	0.08	0.09	0.14
irect prej	udice agair	nst peop	ole unde	r 30											
Mean	4.04 ^a	3.83 ^b	3.83 ^b	3.93 ^c	3.61 ^{bd}	3.53	3.41 ^a	3.42 ^c	3.47 ^e	3.71 ^{bdf}	4.03 ^a	3.75 ^b	3.95 ^c	3.67 ^{bd}	3.57 ^{bd}
SE	0.07	0.04	0.06	0.08	0.13	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.06	0.10	0.12	0.06	0.09	0.10	0.16

Table B.6.12 Direct prejudice against people over 70 and under 30; means and standard errors for comparisons between survey years according to age groups

Age group	16-24			25-49			50-64			65-79			80+		
Survey year	2005	2006	2008	2005	2006	2008	2005	2006	2008	2005	2006	2008	2005	2006	2008
Direct prejudi	ce agair	nst peop	ole over	70											
Mean	4.03 ^a	3.74 ^b	4.07	4.07 ^a	3.82 ^{bc}	4.10 ^d	4.25 ^a	3.84 ^{bc}	4.13 ^d	4.51 ^a	4.04 ^{bc}	4.28 ^{bd}	4.29 ^a	4.05	3.93 ^b
SE	0.07	0.05	0.11	0.04	0.03	0.06	0.05	0.04	0.08	0.07	0.05	0.09	0.12	0.09	0.14
Direct prejudi	ce agair	nst peop	ole unde	er 30											
Mean	4.04 ^a	3.53 ^{bc}	4.03 ^d	3.83 ^a	3.41 ^{bc}	3.75^{d}	3.83 ^a	3.42 ^{bc}	3.95^{d}	3.93 ^a	3.47 ^b	3.67 ^b	3.61	3.71	3.57
SE	0.07	0.06	0.12	0.04	0.04	0.06	0.06	0.04	0.09	0.08	0.06	0.10	0.13	0.10	0.16

 Table B.6.13
 Direct prejudice towards people over 70; a multiple regression analysis

tep	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β <i>SE</i>	t	p
	Age		.007	.001	.136	.012	10.924	.000
	Age		.007	.001	.130	.013	10.165	.000
	Gender	Female	.163	.025	.081	.012	6.545	.000
	Social class	Α	.041	.078	.007	.013	.525	.600
		В	011	.041	004	.014	261	.794
		C2	.044	.037	.018	.015	1.191	.234
		D	042	.039	016	.015	-1.073	.283
		Е	006	.037	002	.015	151	.880
	Ethnicity	Non-white	041	.042	012	.013	960	.337
	Age		.006	.001	.120	.021	5.804	.000
	Gender	Female	.166	.026	.083	.013	6.373	.000
	Social class	Α	.039	.078	.006	.013	.494	.622

Table B.6.13 Continued

ep	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β <i>SE</i>	t	p	
	Social class	В	010	.041	003	.014	238	.812	
		C2	.039	.037	.016	.015	1.067	.286	
		D	044	.040	017	.015	-1.117	.264	
		Е	015	.043	006	.018	337	.736	
	Ethnicity	Non-white	046	.043	014	.013	-1.080	.280	
	Working status	Working PT	016	.042	005	.014	381	.703	
		Not working	.017	.038	.007	.016	.447	.655	
		Retired	.052	.048	.023	.021	1.081	.280	
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	.011	.037	.005	.018	.289	.773	
		Rented from council	.040	.040	.017	.017	1.015	.310	
		Rented privately	.073	.046	.025	.016	1.571	.116	
	Marital status	Not married	071	.026	035	.013	-2.674	.008	

NOTE. N = 6379. The test of the overall regression model for direct prejudice against people over 70 was statistically significant; F(15, 6364) = 11.98, p < .001, $R^2 = .027$

Table B.6.14 Direct prejudice towards people under 30; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p
1	Age		002	.001	043	.017	-2.596	.009
2	Age		002	.001	042	.017	-2.445	.015
	Gender	Female	.106	.034	.053	.017	3.147	.002
	Social class	A	.152	.101	.026	.017	1.500	.134
		В	.044	.055	.016	.020	.806	.420
		C2	048	.049	020	.020	976	.329
		D	022	.053	008	.020	413	.680
		Е	148	.051	059	.020	-2.920	.004
	Ethnicity	Non-white	021	.061	006	.017	336	.737
3	Age		004	.001	074	.028	-2.651	.008
	Gender	Female	.119	.035	.059	.018	3.383	.001
	Social class	Α	.148	.101	.025	.017	1.456	.146

Table B.6.14 Continued

Predictor		В	B SE	β	β S <i>E</i>	t	p
Social class	В	.042	.055	.015	.020	.767	.443
	C2	040	.050	016	.020	801	.423
	D	008	.054	003	.020	157	.875
	E	104	.060	042	.024	-1.745	.081
Ethnicity	Non-white	022	.062	006	.017	352	.725
Working status	Working PT	046	.057	015	.019	806	.420
	Not working	042	.052	018	.022	807	.420
	Retired	.032	.065	.015	.029	.496	.620
Tenure	Bought on mortgage	058	.050	028	.024	-1.169	.242
	Rented from council	084	.054	035	.023	-1.542	.123
	Rented privately	001	.062	.000	.021	013	.989
Marital status	Not married	037	.036	018	.018	-1.038	.299

NOTE. N = 3584. The test of overall regression model for direct prejudice against people under 30 was significant; F(15, 3569) = 2.61, p < 01, $R^2 = .011$.

Table B.6.15 Employment relationships with people over 70 and under 30 years of age; a mixed factorial analysis of covariance (within-subjects effects)

ource	Type III	df	Mean Squa	re <i>F</i>	p	Partial η²
	Sum of Squares					
70_30	.908	1	.908	1.625	.202	.000
s70_30 * Survey year	3.906	2	1.953	3.495	.030	.002
70_30 * Age group	42.554	3	14.185	25.385	.000	.016
70_30 * Survey year * Age group	4.987	6	.831	1.488	.178	.002
or (Boss70_30)	2561.424	4584	.559			

NOTE. Greenhouse-Geisser corrected. The factorial multivariate analysis revealed significant differences in employment relations from people over 70 and under 30 between age groups; F(3, 4584) = 25.39, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .016$ and survey years; F(2, 4584) = 3.50, p < .05, partial $\eta^2 = .002$.

Table B.6.16 Employment relationships with people over 70 and under 30 years of age; analysis of covariance (between-subjects effects)

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
		Sum of Squares	i .				
Corrected Model	Over 70	129.869	25	5.195	6.064	.000	.032
	Under 3	109.832	25	4.393	4.098	.000	.022
Intercept	Over 70	1705.548	1	1705.548	1991.044	.000	.303
	Under 30	1818.664	1	1818.664	1696.400	.000	.270
Survey year	Over 70	45.538	2	22.769	26.580	.000	.011
	Under 30	16.750	2	8.375	7.812	.000	.003
Age group	Over 70	22.290	3	7.430	8.674	.000	.006
	Under 30	51.817	3	17.272	16.111	.000	.010
Survey year * Age (group Over 70	20.856	6	3.476	4.058	.000	.005
	Under 30	19.910	6	3.318	3.095	.005	.004
Error	Over 70	3926.701	4584	.857			
	Under 30	4914.381	4584	1.072			

Table B.6.16 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η ²
		Sum of Squares					
Total	Over 70	28711.000	4610				
	Under 30	35039.000	4610				
Corrected Total	Over 70	4056.570	4609				
	Under 30	5024.213	4609				

Table B. 6.17 Employment relationships with people over 70 and under 30; means and standard errors according to survey years

	Employment i	relations	ship with over 70s	Employment	relations	ship with under 30s
Survey year	2004	2005	2006	2004	2005	2006
Mean	2.05ª	2.44 ^{bc}	2.23 ^{bd}	2.28 ^a	2.56 ^{bc}	2.45 ^d
SE	0.08	0.02	0.02	0.09	0.03	0.03

Table B.6.18 Employment relationships with people over 70 and under 30; means and standard errors according to age groups

	Employme	nt relati	onship v	vith over 70s	Employme	nt relati	onship v	with under 30s
Age group	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79
Mean	2.46 ^a	2.32 ^{bc}	2.23 ^{bde}	1.95 ^{bdf}	2.31 ^a	2.64 ^{bc}	2.62 ^{be}	2.17 ^{df}
SE	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.10	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.11

Table B.6.19 Employment relationships with people over 70; means and standard errors by survey year and age groups

Survey year	2004				2005				200	;		
Age group	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	16-2	4 25-49	50-64	65-79
Mean	2.39 ^a	2.23 ^c	2.13 ^{be}	1.44 ^{bdf}	2.67a	2.52 ^{bc}	2.35 ^{bd}	2.21 ^{bd}	2.31	2.21	2.20	2.21
SE	0.10	0.04	0.07	0.27	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.07

Table B.6.20 Employment relationships with people over 70; means and standard errors for comparisons between survey years according to age groups

Age group	16-24			25-49			50-64			65-79		
Survey year	2004	2005	2006	2004	2005	2006	2004	2005	2006	2004	2005	2006
Mean	2.39 ^a	2.67 ^{bc}	2.31 ^d	2.23 ^a	2.52 ^{bc}	2.21 ^d	2.13 ^a	2.35 ^{bc}	2.20 ^d	1.44 ^a	2.21 ^b	2.21 ^b
SE	0.10	0.06	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.05	0.04	0.27	0.07	0.07

Table B.6.21 Employment relationships with people under 30; means and standard errors by survey year and age group

Survey year	2004				2005				2	2006			
Age group	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	1	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79
Mean	2.16 ^a	2.64 ^{bc}	2.64 ^{be}	1.71 ^{df}	2.55	2.69 ^a	2.62 ^c	2.39 ^{bd}	2	2.23 ^a	2.57 ^b	2.60 ^{bc}	2.40 ^d
SE	0.12	0.05	0.08	0.30	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.08	C	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.07

Table B.6.22 Employment relationships with people under 30; means and standard errors for comparisons between survey years according to age groups

16-24 2004 2005	2006	25-49 2004	2005	2006	50-64 2004	2005	2006	65-79 2004	2005	2006
2.16 ^a 2.55 ^{bc} 0.12 0.07	2.23 ^d 0.07	2.64 0.05	2.69 ^a	2.57 ^b	2.64 0.08	2.62 0.05	2.60 <i>0.0</i> 5	1.71 ^a	2.39 ^b 0.08	2.40 ^b

Table B.6.23 Employment relationships with people over 70; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β S <i>E</i>	t	p
1	Age		-0.004	0.001	-0.062	0.015	-4.298	0.000
2	Age		-0.003	0.001	-0.062	0.015	-4.150	0.000
	Survey year	2005	0.244	0.039	0.127	0.020	6.279	0.000
		2006	0.021	0.038	0.011	0.020	0.546	0.585
	Gender	Female	-0.039	0.027	-0.020	0.014	-1.414	0.157
	Social class	Α	0.001	0.074	0.000	0.015	0.012	0.991
		В	-0.009	0.039	-0.004	0.016	-0.218	0.828
		C2	-0.028	0.038	-0.012	0.016	-0.732	0.464
		D	-0.028	0.046	-0.009	0.016	-0.599	0.549
		Е	-0.027	0.049	-0.009	0.016	-0.557	0.578
	Ethnicity	Non-white	0.091	0.047	0.029	0.015	1.959	0.050
3	Age		-0.006	0.001	-0.099	0.022	-4.444	0.000
	Survey year	2005	0.246	0.041	0.128	0.021	6.075	0.000

Table B.6.23 Continued

Step	Predictor			В	B SE	β	βSE	t	p
	Survey year	2006	0.024	0.040	0.012	0.021	0.589	0.556	
	Gender	Female	-0.033	0.029	-0.018	0.015	-1.151	0.250	
	Social class	Α	-0.013	0.074	-0.003	0.015	-0.179	0.858	
		В	-0.018	0.039	-0.008	0.016	-0.463	0.644	
		C2	-0.024	0.038	-0.010	0.017	-0.626	0.531	
		D	-0.004	0.047	-0.001	0.016	-0.077	0.938	
		Е	0.036	0.056	0.012	0.018	0.634	0.526	
	Ethnicity	Non-white	0.104	0.047	0.033	0.015	2.212	0.027	
	Working status	Working PT	-0.024	0.043	-0.009	0.016	-0.560	0.575	
		Not working	-0.035	0.045	-0.014	0.018	-0.770	0.441	
		Retired	0.007	0.055	0.003	0.022	0.134	0.893	
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	-0.069	0.040	-0.036	0.021	-1.734	0.083	
		Rented from council	-0.129	0.049	-0.051	0.019	-2.656	0.008	
		Rented privately	-0.205	0.052	-0.074	0.019	-3.952	0.000	
	Marital status	Not married	-0.015	0.030	-0.008	0.015	-0.493	0.62	

NOTE. N = 4737. The test of the overall regression model was statistically significant for employment relationships with people over 70; F(17, 4720) = 6.74, p < .001, $R^2 = .024$.

Table B.6.24 Employment relationships with people under 30; a multiple regression analysis

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	β S <i>E</i>	t	p
1	Age		0.005	0.001	0.077	0.014	5.319	0.000
2	Age		0.005	0.001	0.082	0.015	5.484	0.000
	Survey year	2005	0.054	0.044	0.025	0.020	1.234	0.217
		2006	-0.058	0.043	-0.028	0.020	-1.359	0.174
	Gender	Female	-0.027	0.031	-0.013	0.015	-0.875	0.382
	Social class	Α	0.157	0.083	0.029	0.015	1.901	0.057
		В	0.063	0.044	0.024	0.016	1.444	0.149
		C2	0.026	0.042	0.010	0.017	0.612	0.541
		D	0.029	0.052	0.009	0.016	0.557	0.577
		Е	0.050	0.054	0.015	0.016	0.913	0.361
	Ethnicity	Non-white	0.131	0.052	0.037	0.015	2.520	0.012
3	Age		0.005	0.001	0.082	0.022	3.637	0.000
	Survey year	2005	0.067	0.045	0.031	0.021	1.484	0.138

Table B.6.24 Continued

Step	Predictor		В	B SE	β	βSE	t	р
	Survey year	2006	-0.042	0.045	-0.020	0.021	-0.928	0.353
	Gender	Female	-0.005	0.032	-0.002	0.015	-0.152	0.880
	Social class	A	0.134	0.083	0.024	0.015	1.616	0.106
		В	0.049	0.044	0.018	0.016	1.107	0.268
		C2	0.021	0.042	0.008	0.017	0.499	0.618
		D	0.058	0.053	0.018	0.016	1.098	0.272
		Е	0.122	0.063	0.036	0.019	1.942	0.052
	Ethnicity	Non-white	0.150	0.052	0.043	0.015	2.866	0.004
	Working status	Working PT	-0.087	0.048	-0.029	0.016	-1.803	0.071
		Not working	-0.015	0.050	-0.006	0.018	-0.302	0.762
		Retired	-0.073	0.061	-0.027	0.023	-1.193	0.233
	Tenure	Bought on mortgage	0.020	0.045	0.009	0.021	0.447	0.655
		Rented from council	-0.050	0.054	-0.018	0.019	-0.916	0.360
		Rented privately	-0.092	0.058	-0.030	0.019	-1.585	0.113
	Marital status	Not married	-0.121	0.033	-0.056	0.016	-3.635	0.000

NOTE. N = 4736. The test of the overall regression model was statistically significant for employment relationships with people under 30; F(17, 4719) = 4.710, p < .001, $R^2 = .017$.

B.7 Tables on intergenerational closeness (Chapter 10)

Table B.7.1 How much do people over 70 and under 30 have in common (survey year 2004); analysis of covariance

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	р	Partial η ²
	S	um of Squares					
Corrected Model		12.292	18	0.683	1.583	0.056	0.017
Intercept		839.983	1	839.983	1947.584	0.000	0.538
Independent variable							
Survey year		0.970	4	0.243	0.563	0.690	0.001
Covariates							
Gender	Female	0.557	1	0.557	1.291	0.256	0.001
Ethnicity	Not-white	5.114	1	5.114	11.857	0.001	0.007
Working status	PT	0.276	1	0.276	0.640	0.424	0.000
	Not working	0.001	1	0.001	0.003	0.954	0.000
	Retired	0.216	1	0.216	0.501	0.479	0.000
Tenure	Brought on mortgage	0.005	1	0.005	0.011	0.915	0.000
	Rented from council	1.339	1	1.339	3.104	0.078	0.002
	Rented private	0.345	1	0.345	0.799	0.372	0.000

Table B.7.1 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Squa	are <i>F</i>	p	Partial η²
		Sum of Squares					
Social class	А	0.933	1	0.933	2.163	0.142	0.001
	В	0.045	1	0.045	0.104	0.747	0.000
	C2	0.150	1	0.150	0.347	0.556	0.000
	D	0.240	1	0.240	0.557	0.455	0.000
	E	0.000	1	0.000	0.000	1.000	0.000
Marital status	Not married	0.014	1	0.014	0.031	0.859	0.000
Error		720.262	1670	0.431			
Total		13485.000	1689				
Corrected Total		732.554	1688				

Table B.7.2 In what way are people aged over 70 and under 30 viewed as different; multivariate analysis of variance

Source	Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η²	
	Sum of Squares						
Corrected Model							
One common group	8.323	28	.297	3.418	.000	.021	
Separate groups	27.514	28	.983	6.210	.000	.037	
Separate individuals	38.041	28	1.359	5.589	.000	.034	
Groups in same community	36.545	28	1.305	8.382	.000	.050	
Intercept							
One common group	3.858	1	3.858	44.361	.000	.010	
Separate groups	6.930	1	6.930	43.796	.000	.010	
Separate individuals	58.220	1	58.220	239.514	.000	.051	
Groups in same community	22.877	1	22.877	146.927	.000	.032	
Independent variables							
Survey year							
One common group	1.883	2	.941	10.826	.000	.005	
Separate groups	9.475	2	4.737	29.938	.000	.013	

Table B.7.2 Continued

Source	Type III	df	Mean Squ	are <i>F</i>	p	Partial η²
	Sum of Squares					
Separate individuals	14.477	2	7.238	29.778	.000	.013
Groups in same community	17.608	2	8.804	56.543	.000	.025
Age group						
One common group	1.053	4	.263	3.028	.017	.003
Separate groups	.556	4	.139	.878	.476	.001
Separate individuals	.510	4	.127	.524	.718	.000
Groups in same community	.203	4	.051	.327	.860	.000
Survey year * Age group						
One common group	.807	8	.101	1.159	.320	.002
Separate groups	2.187	8	.273	1.728	.087	.003
Separate individuals	2.373	8	.297	1.220	.282	.002
Groups in same community	1.532	8	.192	1.230	.277	.002

Table B.7.2 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Squa	are <i>F</i>	p	Partial η ²
		Sum of Square	s				
Covariates							
Gender	Female						
One co	ommon group	.005	1	.005	.057	.812	.000
Separa	ate groups	3.413	1	3.413	21.567	.000	.005
Separa	ate individuals	4.012	1	4.012	16.506	.000	.004
Groups	s in same community	.007	1	.007	.047	.828	.000
Ethnicity	Not White						
One co	ommon group	.124	1	.124	1.428	.232	.000
Separa	ate groups	.368	1	.368	2.323	.128	.001
Separa	ate individuals	4.717	1	4.717	19.404	.000	.004
Groups	s in same community	1.471	1	1.471	9.450	.002	.002
Social class	Α						
One co	ommon group	.008	1	.008	.092	.762	.000
Separa	ate groups	.070	1	.070	.441	.507	.000

Table B.7.2 Continued

Source	Type III	df	Mean Squ	are <i>F</i>	р	Partial η ²	
	Sum of Square	s					
Separate individuals	.008	1	.008	.031	.861	.000	
Groups in same community	.071	1	.071	.458	.499	.000	
В							
One common group	.042	1	.042	.481	.488	.000	
Separate groups	.015	1	.015	.092	.761	.000	
Separate individuals	.862	1	.862	3.547	.060	.001	
Groups in same community	.714	1	.714	4.586	.032	.001	
С							
One common group	.163	1	.163	1.875	.171	.000	
Separate groups	.025	1	.025	.158	.691	.000	
Separate individuals	.060	1	.060	.246	.620	.000	
Groups in same community	.101	1	.101	.646	.422	.000	

Table B.7.2 Continued

Source	Type III	df	Mean Squa	re <i>F</i>	p	Partial η ²	
	Sum of Square	es					
D							
One common group	1.054	1	1.054	12.121	.001	.003	
Separate groups	.632	1	.632	3.994	.046	.001	
Separate individuals	.792	1	.792	3.256	.071	.001	
Groups in same community	.869	1	.869	5.578	.018	.001	
E							
One common group	.929	1	.929	10.680	.001	.002	
Separate groups	.011	1	.011	.070	.791	.000	
Separate individuals	.019	1	.019	.076	.782	.000	
Groups in same community	.522	1	.522	3.350	.067	.001	
Working Status Part-time							
One common group	.004	1	.004	.051	.821	.000	
Separate groups	.009	1	.009	.055	.814	.000	

Table B.7.2 Continued

Source	Type III	df	Mean Squ	are <i>F</i>	p	Partial η ²	
	Sum of Square	es					
Separate individuals	.007	1	.007	.028	.868	.000	
Groups in same community	.059	1	.059	.377	.539	.000	
Not working							
One common group	.003	1	.003	.029	.865	.000	
Separate groups	.520	1	.520	3.286	.070	.001	
Separate individuals	1.432	1	1.432	5.893	.015	.001	
Groups in same community	.181	1	.181	1.163	.281	.000	
Retired							
One common group	.121	1	.121	1.396	.238	.000	
Separate groups	.683	1	.683	4.314	.038	.001	
Separate individuals	.102	1	.102	.419	.517	.000	
Groups in same community	.025	1	.025	.162	.688	.000	

Table B.7.2 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Squa	are <i>F</i>	p	Partial η²	
		Sum of Square	es					
Гenure	Brought on a mortgage							
0	ne common group	.035	1	.035	.402	.526	.000	
S	eparate groups	.450	1	.450	2.844	.092	.001	
S	eparate individuals	.334	1	.334	1.374	.241	.000	
G	roups in same community	.009	1	.009	.057	.811	.000	
	Rented from council							
0	ne common group	.001	1	.001	.009	.925	.000	
S	eparate groups	1.920	1	1.920	12.131	.001	.003	
S	eparate individuals	.855	1	.855	3.518	.061	.001	
G	roups in same community	.187	1	.187	1.204	.273	.000	
	Rented Privately							
0	ne common group	.058	1	.058	.667	.414	.000	
S	eparate groups	.386	1	.386	2.438	.119	.001	

Table B.7.2 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Squ	are <i>F</i>	p	Partial η ²
		Sum of Squares	i				
Separate	e individuals	.002	1	.002	.009	.923	.000
Groups in	n same community	.183	1	.183	1.175	.278	.000
Marital status	Not married						
One com	nmon group	.151	1	.151	1.731	.188	.000
Separate	groups	.053	1	.053	.337	.561	.000
Separate	e individuals	.051	1	.051	.208	.648	.000
Groups in	n same community	.155	1	.155	.997	.318	.000
Error							
One com	nmon group	390.445	4490	.087			
Separate	e groups	710.506	4490	.158			
Separate	e individuals	1091.415	4490	.243			
Groups in	n same community	699.115	4490	.156			

Table B.7.2 Continued

Source	Type III	df	Mean Square	F	р	Partial η ²
	Sum of Squares					
Total						
One common group	442.000	4519				
Separate groups	929.000	4519				
Separate individuals	2223.000	4519				
Groups in same community	925.000	4519				
Corrected Total						
One common group	398.768	4518				
Separate groups	738.019	4518				
Separate individuals	1129.455	4518				
Groups in same community	735.661	4518				

NOTE. The multivariate ANCOVA revealed a significant effect of survey year for all similarity variables, Wilks' lambda, $F(6, 8976) = 31.46 p < .001 \eta^2 = .021$. Differences in age groups were only found for viewing people aged over 70 and under 30 as one common group, there was no interaction between age groups and survey year.

Table B.7.3 In what way are people aged over 70 and under 30 viewed as different according to age groups

	One common group								
Age group	16-24	25-49	50-64	65-79	80+				
Mean	0.11	0.08ª	0.12 ^b	0.16 ^b	0.12				
SE	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03				

Table B.7.4 In what way are people aged over 70 and under 30 viewed as different according to survey year

	One common group		Separate groups		ıps	Separate individuals			Groups in same community			
Survey year	2005	2006	2008	2005	2006	2008	2005	2006	2008	2005	2006	2008
Mean	0.08 ^a	0.13 ^b	0.14 ^b	0.27 ^a	0.15 ^b	0.13 ^b	0.48 ^a	0.54 ^{bc}	0.29 ^{bd}	0.17 ^a	0.19 ^a	0.44 ^b
SE	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.02

Table B.7.5 Perceptions that people aged over 70 and under 30 are separate individuals; binomial logistic regression

Variable		В	Wald	p	OR ^a	95% CI for OR ^b Lower Upper	η^2
Age		-0.002	0.303	0.582	0.998	0.993 1.004	0.000
Sex	Female	0.270	17.234	0.000	1.310	1.153 1.488	0.006
Social class	А	0.089	0.286	0.593	1.093	0.789 1.516	0.001
	В	0.144	2.615	0.106	1.155	0.970 1.374	0.002
	C2	-0.046	0.275	0.600	0.955	0.805 1.133	0.000
	D	-0.239	4.877	0.027	0.788	0.637 0.974	0.004
	Е	0.056	0.220	0.639	1.058	0.837 1.336	0.000
Ethnicity	Not white	-0.463	17.744	0.000	0.629	0.507 0.781	0.016
Working status	Working PT	-0.039	0.142	0.707	0.961	0.783 1.180	0.000
	Not working	-0.280	8.830	0.003	0.756	0.629 0.909	0.006
	Retired	-0.186	2.388	0.122	0.830	0.655 1.051	0.003
Tenure	Brought on a mortgage	-0.105	1.311	0.252	0.901	0.753 1.077	0.001
	Rented from council	-0.205	3.676	0.055	0.814	0.660 1.005	0.003
	Rented privately	-0.014	0.015	0.902	0.986	0.783 1.240	0.000

Table B.7.5 Continued

Variable		В	Wald	р	OR ^a	95% CI for OR ^b Lower Upper	η^2
Marital status Constant	Not married	0.026 0.119	0.157 0.515	0.692 0.473	1.027 1.126	0.902 1.169	0.000

NOTE. N = 6038; a: odds ratio, b: 95% confidence interval for odds ratio; The test of overall regression model was statistically significant; $\chi^2(15, N = 8933) = 64.606$, p = .002, $R^2(Nagelkerke) = .02$.

Table B.7.6 Perceptions that people aged over 70 and under 30 are viewed as separate groups; binomial logistic regression

Variable		В	Wald	р	OR ^a	95% CI for OR ^b	η²
				•		Lower Upper	•
Age		-0.003	0.890	0.346	0.997	0.990 1.003	0.000
Sex	Female	-0.379	22.374	0.000	0.685	0.585 0.801	0.011
Social class	Α	0.110	0.291	0.589	1.116	0.749 1.662	0.001
	В	0.016	0.020	0.888	1.016	0.816 1.265	0.000
	C2	0.051	0.221	0.638	1.052	0.851 1.301	0.000
	D	0.183	2.000	0.157	1.201	0.932 1.547	0.003
	Е	0.043	0.087	0.768	1.044	0.786 1.385	0.000
Ethnicity	Not white	0.215	2.939	0.086	1.239	0.970 1.584	0.004
Working status	Working PT	-0.029	0.047	0.828	0.971	0.746 1.265	0.000
	Not working	0.152	1.782	0.182	1.164	0.931 1.455	0.002
	Retired	0.306	4.155	0.042	1.358	1.012 1.821	0.007
Tenure	Brought on a mortgage	0.223	3.705	0.054	1.250	0.996 1.568	0.004
	Rented from council	0.414	10.158	0.001	1.513	1.173 1.951	0.013
	Rented privately	0.237	2.684	0.101	1.267	0.955 1.683	0.004

Table B.7.6 Continued

Variable		В	Wald	p	OR ^a	95% CI for OR ^b Lower Upper	η²
Marital status	Not married	-0.082	1.002	0.317	0.921	0.785 1.082	0.001
Constant		-1.341	43.038	0.000	0.262		

-1.341 43.038 0.000 0.262 NOTE. N = 6038; a: odds ratio, b: 95% confidence interval for odds ratio; The test of overall regression model was statistically significant; χ^2 (15, N = 8933) = 49.448, p<=.001, R^2 (Nagelkerke) = .018.

Table B.7.7 Perceptions that people aged over 70 and under 30 are two groups but part of the same community; binomial logistic regression

Variable		В	Wald	p	OR ^a	95% CI for OR ^b	η²
						Lower Upper	
Age		0.001	0.161	0.688	1.001	0.995 1.008	0.000
Sex	Female	-0.014	0.029	0.864	0.986	0.844 1.153	0.000
Social class	Α	-0.267	1.582	0.208	0.766	0.506 1.160	0.005
	В	-0.185	2.891	0.089	0.831	0.671 1.029	0.003
	C2	-0.056	0.287	0.592	0.945	0.770 1.161	0.000
	D	-0.176	1.759	0.185	0.839	0.647 1.088	0.002
	Е	-0.358	5.673	0.017	0.699	0.520 0.939	0.010
Ethnicity	Not white	0.348	7.897	0.005	1.416	1.111 1.805	0.009
Working status	Working PT	0.063	0.244	0.621	1.065	0.830 1.366	0.000
	Not working	0.155	1.870	0.172	1.167	0.935 1.457	0.002
	Retired	-0.031	0.045	0.832	0.969	0.725 1.296	0.000
Tenure	Brought on a mortgage	-0.003	0.001	0.981	0.997	0.802 1.241	0.000
	Rented from council	-0.100	0.572	0.450	0.904	0.697 1.173	0.001
	Rented privately	-0.147	1.031	0.310	0.863	0.650 1.147	0.002

Table B.7.7 Continued

Variable		В	Wald	p	OR ^a	95% CI for OR ^b Lower Upper	η²
Marital status	Not married	0.067	0.679	0.410	1.069	0.912 1.254	0.000
Constant		-1.341	43.805	0.000	0.262		

-1.341 43.805 0.000 0.262 NOTE. N = 6038; a : odds ratio, b : 95% confidence interval for odds ratio; The test of overall regression model was not statistically significant; χ^2 (15, N = 8933) = 21.142, p = .132, R^2 (Nagelkerke) = .008.

Table B.7.8 Perceptions that people aged over 70 and under 30 are one common group; binomial logistic regression

Variable		В	Wald	p	OR ^a	95% CI for OR ^b	η²
						Lower Upper	
Age		0.008	2.730	0.098	1.008	0.999 1.017	0.000
Sex	Female	-0.031	0.080	0.778	0.969	0.780 1.205	0.000
Social class	Α	0.064	0.046	0.830	1.066	0.595 1.908	0.000
	В	-0.096	0.328	0.567	0.908	0.654 1.262	0.001
	C2	0.175	1.287	0.257	1.191	0.881 1.610	0.002
	D	0.617	13.363	0.000	1.854	1.331 2.580	0.028
	E	0.399	4.378	0.036	1.491	1.026 2.167	0.012
Ethnicity	Not white	0.160	0.786	0.375	1.174	0.823 1.674	0.002
Working status	Working Part time	0.036	0.038	0.846	1.037	0.722 1.489	0.000
	Not working	0.220	1.872	0.171	1.246	0.909 1.708	0.004
	Retired	0.030	0.022	0.883	1.030	0.694 1.529	0.000
Tenure	Brought on a mortgage	-0.110	0.492	0.483	0.896	0.659 1.218	0.001
	Rented from council	-0.017	0.010	0.920	0.983	0.702 1.376	0.000
	Rented privately	-0.112	0.312	0.576	0.894	0.605 1.323	0.001

Table B.7.8 Continued

Variable		В	Wald	p	ORª	95% CI for OR⁵	η²
						Lower Upper	
Marital status	Not married	-0.057	0.258	0.612	0.944	0.757 1.178	0.000
Constant		-2.780	95.617	0.000	0.062		

NOTE. N =6038; $^{\rm a}$: odds ratio, $^{\rm b}$: 95% confidence interval for odds ratio; The test of overall regression model was statistically significant; χ^2 (15, N = 8933) = 35.713, p =.002, R^2 (Nagelkerke) = .018.

 Table B.7.9
 Contact with people over 70; a binomial logistic regression analysis

Variable		В	Wald	p	OR ^a	95% CI for OR ^b	η²
Age		0.045	275.177	0.000	1.046	1.040 1.052	0.000
Survey year	2005	0.532	49.448	0.000	1.703	1.468 1.975	0.021
	2006	-1.458	352.106	0.000	0.233	0.200 0.271	0.140
	2008	-1.088	48.637	0.000	0.337	0.248 0.457	0.083
Sex	Female	0.160	6.242	0.012	1.173	1.035 1.330	0.002
Social class	Α	0.278	2.388	0.122	1.321	0.928 1.880	0.006
	В	0.144	2.105	0.147	1.155	0.951 1.404	0.002
	C2	0.056	0.390	0.532	1.057	0.887 1.260	0.000
	D	-0.051	0.277	0.599	0.950	0.786 1.149	0.000
	Е	0.040	0.138	0.710	1.041	0.843 1.284	0.000
Ethnicity	Not white	-0.369	12.409	0.000	0.691	0.563 0.849	0.010
Working status	Working PT	0.028	0.077	0.781	1.029	0.843 1.255	0.000
	Not working	0.195	4.462	0.035	1.216	1.014 1.458	0.003
	Retired	0.230	4.010	0.045	1.259	1.005 1.578	0.004

Table B.7.9 Continued

Variable		В	Wald	р	OR ^a	95% CI for OR ^b Lower Upper	η²
Tenure	Brought on mortgage	-0.339	14.725	0.000	0.713	0.599 0.847	0.009
	Rented from council	-0.279	8.200	0.004	0.756	0.625 0.916	0.006
	Rented privately	-0.273	5.930	0.015	0.761	0.611 0.948	0.006
Marital status	Not married	-0.013	0.041	0.839	0.987	0.869 1.121	0.000

NOTE. N =6038; ^a: odds ratio, ^b: 95% confidence interval for odds ratio; The test of overall regression model was statistically significant; $\chi^2(18, N = 6038) = 1733.93$, p < .001, $R^2(Nagelkerke) = .333$.

 Table B.7.10
 Contact with people under 30; a binomial logistic regression analysis

Variable		В	Wald	p	ORª	95% CI for OR ^b	η²
						Lower Opper	
Age		-0.065	345.194	0.000	0.937	0.931 0.943	0.000
Survey year	2006	-0.633	67.643	0.000	0.531	0.456 0.617	0.030
	2008	-1.176	69.254	0.000	0.309	0.234 0.407	0.095
Sex	Female	-0.228	8.472	0.004	0.796	0.683 0.928	0.004
Social class	Α	0.090	0.191	0.662	1.094	0.731 1.638	0.001
	В	-0.121	1.038	0.308	0.886	0.703 1.118	0.001
	C2	0.014	0.018	0.894	1.015	0.820 1.255	0.000
	D	-0.133	1.220	0.269	0.875	0.691 1.109	0.001
	E	-0.055	0.179	0.672	0.947	0.734 1.221	0.000
Ethnicity	Not white	-0.205	2.099	0.147	0.814	0.617 1.075	0.003
Working status	Working PT	-0.183	2.102	0.147	0.833	0.651 1.066	0.003
	Not working	-0.294	6.223	0.013	0.745	0.592 0.939	0.007
	Retired	-0.008	0.003	0.953	0.992	0.764 1.288	0.000

Table B.7.10 Continued

Variable		В	Wald	p	OR ^a	95% CI for OR ^b	η²
					Lowe	er Upper	
Tenure	Brought on a mortgage	-0.368	12.183	0.000	0.692	0.563 0.851	0.010
	Rented from council	-0.101	0.741	0.389	0.904	0.718 1.138	0.001
	Rented privately	0.180	1.568	0.210	1.197	0.903 1.586	0.002
Marital status	Not married	0.204	6.405	0.011	1.226	1.047 1.435	0.003

NOTE. N = 4171; a: odds ratio, b: 95% confidence interval for odds ratio; The test of overall regression model was statistically significant; $\chi^2(17, N = 4171) = 1071.77$, p < .001, $R^2(Nagelkerke) = .307$.

Table B.7.11 Contact with people over 70 and people under 30; a mixed factorial analysis of variance (within subject effects)

Source		Type III Sum of Squares	df Mea	an Square	F	р	Partial η ²
Contact	Over 70-Under 30	.863	1.000	.863	5.416	.020	.001
Contact * Ag	e group	79.547	4.000	19.887	124.737	.000	.111
Error		635.649	3987.000	.159			

NOTE. Greenhouse-Geisser reported. The mixed ANCOVA showed a significant difference between contact with people over 70 and under 30; F(1, 3987) = 5.42, p < .05, partial $\eta^2 = .001$. The significant interaction between the type of contact and age groups showed that the different age groups differed in their extent of contact with people over 70 and under 30; F(4, 3987) = 124.74, p < .001, partial $\eta^2 = .111$.

Table B.7.12 Contact with people over 70 and people under 30; a mixed factorial analysis of variance (between subject effects)

Source		Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η²
Intercept		236.074	1	236.074	1116.901	0.000	0.219
Independent varial	ble						
Age group		5.999	4	1.500	7.095	0.000	0.007
Covariates							
Survey year	2006	74.750	1	74.750	353.653	0.000	0.081
	2008	9.859	1	9.859	46.643	0.000	0.012
Sex	Female	0.100	1	0.100	0.471	0.493	0.000
Social class	Α	0.336	1	0.336	1.592	0.207	0.000
	В	0.031	1	0.031	0.148	0.700	0.000
	C2	0.000	1	0.000	0.000	0.989	0.000
	D	0.426	1	0.426	2.016	0.156	0.001
	Е	0.104	1	0.104	0.492	0.483	0.000
Ethnicity	Not white	2.021	1	2.021	9.562	0.002	0.002

Table B.7.12 Continued

Source		Type III	df	Mean Square	F	p	Partial η²
	s	um of Squares					
Vorking status	Working PT	0.186	1	0.186	0.882	0.348	0.000
	Not working	0.001	1	0.001	0.002	0.961	0.000
	Retired	0.246	1	0.246	1.166	0.280	0.000
enure	Brought on a mortgage	3.678	1	3.678	17.403	0.000	0.004
	Rented from council	0.635	1	0.635	3.003	0.083	0.001
	Rented privately	0.000	1	0.000	0.002	0.968	0.000
Marital status	Not married	0.058	1	0.058	0.275	0.600	0.000
Error		842.712	3987	0.211			

 Table B.7.13
 Contact with people over 70 and under 30; means and standard errors

Table B.7.14 Contact with people over 70 and under 30; means and standard errors by age group

Age Group	16-24		25-49		50-64	
	Contact 70	Contact 30	Contact 70	Contact 30	Contact 70	Contact 30
Mean	0.25 ^a	0.93 ^b	0.34 ^a	0.72 ^b	0.50	0.47
SE	0.023	0.023	0.014	0.014	0.015	0.015

Table B.7.14 Continued

Age Group	65-79		80+	
	Contact 70	Contact 30	Contact 70	Contact 30
Mean	0.64 ^a	0.41 ^b	0.74 ^a	0.38 ^b
SE	0.024	0.024	0.036	0.036

B.8 Tables on regional differences (Chapter 11)

 Table B.8.1
 Estimated percentages according to Government office region

•	Governme	ent Office Re	egions								
Construct	London	West Midlands	Scotland	North West	East Midlands	Yorkshire & Humberside	South East	East of England	North East	Wales	South West
Age Categorisation &	ldentifica	ation									
Age self-categorisation	ı 35	30	30.8	31.2	31.3	21.2	26.1	28.1	31.2	24.7	29.8 ^{a 0.46}
Old age start	34.6	32.2	30.5	35	40.8	42.1	38.1	48.1	37	41.6	44.8 ^{a 0.67}
Age identification	62.4	52.5	53	49.3	59.6	45.9	48.9	47.1	49.4	47.3	52.3 ^{a 0.95}

NOTE: ^a Smallest significant difference between regions p<.05.For age self-categorisation including GOR increased the explained variance (R^2) by .002, the regression model was significant F(26,3809) = 216.98, p<.001, $R^2 = .597$. For the perceived start of old age including GOR increased the explained variance (R^2) by .13, , the regression model was significant F(26,3200) = 44.597, p<.001, $R^2 = .266$. For age identification including GOR increased the explained variance (R^2) by .01 the regression model was significant F(26,3809) = 7.853, p<.001, $R^2 = .051$. Including the age ratio increased the explained variance (R^2) by .001, the regression model was significant F(17,3818) = 9.827, p<.001, $R^2 = .042$

Table B.8.1 Continued

	Governme	ent Office Re	egions								
Construct	London	West Midlands	Scotland	North West	East Midlands	Yorkshire & Humberside	South East	East of England	North East	Wales	South West
Experiences of Dis	crimination										
Experiences of age discrimination	25.2	26.2	23.6	27.4	24	17.9	29.6	27.1	23	22	24.9 ^{a 0.44}

NOTE: ^a Smallest significant difference between regions p<.05. The binomial logistic regression model including GOR increased the explained variance (Nagelkerke R²) by .002, the regression model was significant $\chi^2(27, N=7702)=336.23$, p<.001, Nagelkerke $R^2=.063$.

Table B.8.1 Continued

Governme	ent Office Re	egions								
London	West Midlands	Scotland	North West	East Midlands	Yorkshire & Humberside	South East	East of England	North East	Wales	South West
eople ove	r 70									
50.6	53.1	52.4	50.4	59.1	58.1	47	45.6	60.6	58.6	53 ^{a 0.6}
eople und	er 30									
23.9	26.6	28.3	29.8	36.2	29.2	23.3	24.6	24.1	36.7	28.7 ^{a 0.65}
44.9	42.4	48.3	43.5	48.2	48.3	39.1	43.1	43	52.7	42.8 ^{a 0.9}
	eople ove 50.6 eople und	eople over 70 50.6 53.1 eople under 30 23.9 26.6	Midlands eople over 70 50.6 53.1 52.4 eople under 30 23.9 26.6 28.3	London West Midlands Scotland West North West eople over 70 50.6 53.1 52.4 50.4 eople under 30 23.9 26.6 28.3 29.8	London West Midlands Scotland West West North Midlands eople over 70 50.6 53.1 52.4 50.4 59.1 eople under 30 23.9 26.6 28.3 29.8 36.2	London West Midlands Scotland West West Midlands North Midlands East Midlands Yorkshire & Humberside eople over 70 50.6 53.1 52.4 50.4 59.1 58.1 eople under 30 23.9 26.6 28.3 29.8 36.2 29.2	London West Midlands Scotland West Midlands North Midlands East Midlands Yorkshire & South Humberside South East eople over 70 50.6 53.1 52.4 50.4 59.1 58.1 47 eople under 30 23.9 26.6 28.3 29.8 36.2 29.2 23.3	London West Midlands Scotland West Midlands Humberside South East England eople over 70 50.6 53.1 52.4 50.4 59.1 58.1 47 45.6 eople under 30 23.9 26.6 28.3 29.8 36.2 29.2 23.3 24.6	London West Midlands Scotland Midlands North West Midlands East Yorkshire & Humberside South East England East of England North East eople over 70 50.6 53.1 52.4 50.4 59.1 58.1 47 45.6 60.6 eople under 30 23.9 26.6 28.3 29.8 36.2 29.2 23.3 24.6 24.1	London West Midlands Scotland West West North Midlands East Yorkshire & Humberside South East East of England North East Wales eople over 70 50.6 53.1 52.4 50.4 59.1 58.1 47 45.6 60.6 58.6 eople under 30 23.9 26.6 28.3 29.8 36.2 29.2 23.3 24.6 24.1 36.7

NOTE. ^a Smallest significant difference between regions p<.05. For viewing people over 70 as warm including GOR increased the explained variance (R^2) by .005, the regression model was significant F(27,5629) = 5.0, p<.001, $R^2 = .023$. For viewing people under 30 as warm including GOR increased the explained variance (R^2) by .001, the regression model was significant F(26,3718) = 2.274, p<.001, $R^2 = .016$, East Midlands, was a marginal significant predictor (p=.051). For viewing people under 30 as competent including GOR increased the explained variance (R^2) by .001 the regression model was significant F(26,3728) = 1.9, p<.004, $R^2 = .013$.

Table B.8.1 Continued

	Governme	ent Office Re	egions								
Construct	London	West Midlands	Scotland	North West	East Midlands	Yorkshire & Humberside	South East	East of England	North East	Wales	South West
Age and Perceived	Threat										
Threat to economy 2004-2006	30.8	24.2	21.5	19.9	21.4	18.9	21.2	17.7	15.8	25	21.2 ^{a 0.85}
Threat to economy 2005-2008	18	22.7	17.4	19.1	23.6	12.5	20.7	12	20.9	28.9	22.8 ^{a 0.83}
Material threat	17.7	19	23.3	14.1	14.7	16.6	21.6	22.6	17.4	21.5	19.6 ^{a 0.56}

NOTE: ^a Smallest significant difference between regions p<.05. For threat to economic well-being 2004-2006 including GOR increased the explained variance (R^2) by .01, the regression model was significant F(26, 3010) = 3.587, p<.001, R^2 = .030 and the regression model was significant including the age ratio F(17, 3019) = 4.024, p<.001, R^2 = .022. For threat to economic well-being 2005-2008 including GOR increased the explained variance (R^2) by .017, the regression model was significant F(26, 1739) = 3.73, P<.001, R^2 = .051. For material threat including GOR increased the explained variance (R^2) by .008 the regression model was significant R(26, 3575) = 7.34, R0

Table B.8.1 Continued

(Governme	ent Office Re	egions								
Construct	London	West Midlands	Scotland	North West	East Midlands	Yorkshire & Humberside	South East	East of England	North East	Wales	South West
Expressions of prejud	dice										
Indirect prejudice	12	9.5	10.4	8.6	11.2	11.3	6.6	9.2	11.9	8.5	6.6 ^{a 0.38}
Direct prejudice toward over 70's (positive)	ls 78.7	76.4	76.2	75.4	74.2	74.8	73.9	73.9	76.6	72.7	76.6 ^{a 0.61}
Direct towards people under 30's (positive)	53.7	41.8	55	47.6	49.8	56.1	48	53	53.9	46.9	52.4 ^{a 0.81}
Employment relations over 70's	12.1	11.4	12.5	8.6	11.6	6.6	9.5	12.4	11.8	5.4	11.1 ^{a 0.48}

NOTE: ^a Smallest significant difference between regions p<.05. For indirect prejudice including GOR increased the explained variance (R^2) by .008, F(27,5245) = 7.61, p<.001, R^2 = .038, the age ratio regression model was also significant F(18,5254) = 9.28, p<.001, R^2 = .031. For direct prejudice towards over 70's including GOR increased the explained variance (R^2) by .012, the regression model was significant F(26,3100) = 10.014, p<.001, R^2 = .077. For direct prejudice towards under 30's including GOR increased the explained variance (R^2) by .01 the regression model was significant F(26, 3100) = 9.037, p<.001, R^2 = .070. For employment relations including GOR increased the explained variance (R^2) by .016, the regression model was significant R(27, 4777) = 7.36, P<.001, R^2 = .04and the regression model was significant including the age ratio R(18, 4786) = 7.77, R<.001, R0 = .028

Table B.8.1 Continued

	Governme	ent Office Re	egions								
Construct	London	West Midlands	Scotland	North West	East Midlands	Yorkshire & Humberside	South East	East of England	North East	Wales	South West
Intergenerational cl	oseness										
One common group	7.3	9.8	11.9	7.6	13.6	10.3	9.6	15.1	4.7	9.4	6.0 ^{a0.043}
Separate groups	28.0	25.7	14.8	22.1	16.5	25.9	22.4	19.3	20.1	16.7	17.1 ^{a0.043}
Individuals	45.2	50.1	56.8	49.4	51.3	45.4	52.4	40.7	54.7	58.9	62.5 ^{a0.073}

NOTE: ^a Smallest significant difference between regions p<.05. For one common group including GOR increased the explained variance (Nagelkerke R^2) by .016, χ^2 (26,N = 8933) = 87.947, p<.001, Nagelkerke R^2 = .05. For viewing people over 70 and under 30 as separate groups including GOR increased the explained variance (Nagelkerke R^2) by .013, χ^2 (26,N = 8933) = 162.119, p<.001, Nagelkerke R^2 = .063. The age ratio was also significant χ^2 (17,N = 8933) = 144.753, p<.001, Nagelkerke R^2 = .037. For viewing people over 70 and under 30 as individuals including GOR increased the explained variance (Nagelkerke R^2) by .012, χ^2 (26,N = 8933) = 103.235, p<.001, Nagelkerke R^2 = .035.

Appendix C: Means and standard errors for all items

by gender, ethnicity, social class, working status, tenure and marital status

Table C.1 Means and standard errors (italicised) for all items by gender, ethnicity and social class. Significant pair-wise comparisons are marked.

	Gende	er	Ethnic	ity	Social	Class				
Construct	Male	Female	White	Non-White	Α	В	C1	C2	D	E
Age categorisation and identification ¹										
Young age stop	44.04	49.23*	47.05	43.75*	46.52	46.07	47.78	46.63	46.49	46.14
	0.413	0.399	0.294	0.900	1.512	0.708	0.565	0.597	0.689	0.800
Old age start	61.30	65.54*	64.15	58.17*	65.97 ^a	65.43 ^a	63.58 ^b	63.16 ^b	62.98 ^b	62.63
	0.266	0.245	0.184	0.585	0.973	0.456	0.356	0.374	0.434	0.490
Age self-categorisation	4.84	4.69*	4.74	4.94*	4.63	4.77	4.71 ^a	4.78	4.73	4.85 ^b
	0.028	0.025	0.019	0.064	0.102	0.049	0.038	0.040	0.046	0.050
Age identification	3.40	3.24*	3.28	3.60*	3.15 ^a	3.14 ^c	3.28 ^{ad}	3.38 ^{bd}	3.47 ^{bd}	3.30 ^d
	0.026	0.023	0.017	0.057	0.092	0.044	0.034	0.036	0.042	0.045

¹ Excluding 2005

Table C.1 Continued

	Gende	er	Ethnic	ity	Social	Class				
Construct	Male	Female	White	Non-White	Α	В	C1	C2	D	E
Perceived prejudice										
Prejudice in the media ²	0.25	0.18*	0.19	0.43*	0.25	0.22	0.21	0.24	0.22	0.18
	0.022	0.019	0.015	0.045	0.089	0.039	0.030	0.032	0.035	0.036
Prejudice towards people over 50 ²	2.79	2.97*	2.91	2.71*	3.22 ^a	3.04 ^c	2.85 ^{bd}	2.86 ^{bd}	2.78 ^{bd}	2.90 ^b
	0.033	0.029	0.022	0.075	0.114	0.056	0.044	0.046	0.053	0.057
Seriousness of discrimination ³	2.57	2.50*	2.52	2.62*	2.44 ^a	2.48 ^{ad}	2.47 ^{ad}	2.64 ^b	2.59 ^c	2.49 ^{ad}
	0.019	0.017	0.013	0.045	0.067	0.033	0.026	0.027	0.032	0.034
Experiences of discrimination										
Age-related discrimination	0.26	0.25	0.26	0.22	0.28 ^a	0.29 ^{ac}	0.26 ad	0.25 ^d	0.24 ^d	0.21 ^b
	0.008	0.007	0.005	0.016	0.028	0.013	0.010	0.011	0.012	0.013

² Excluding 2005 and 2008

Table C.1 Continued

	Gende	a r	Ethnic	itv	Social	Class				
Construct	Male	Female		Non-White	A	В	C1	C2	D	E
Stereotype content										
Stereotype content- over 70										
Friendly (warmth)	3.66	3.55*	3.61	3.53	3.58 ^c	3.48 ^a	3.56 ^c	3.63 ^b	3.71 ^{bd}	3.64 ^c
	0.025	0.023	0.017	0.057	0.089	0.042	0.033	0.035	0.041	0.045
Capable (competence)	2.94	2.95	2.94	2.94	2.71 ^a	2.80 ^a	2.91 ^{bc}	2.98 ^b	3.08 ^{bd}	2.99 ^b
	0.025	0.023	0.017	0.058	0.091	0.043	0.034	0.036	0.042	0.046
Admiration	3.05	3.06	3.05	3.05	2.90 ^a	2.85 ^{ac}	3.01 ^d	3.10 ^{bc}	3.14 ^{bc}	3.19 ^{bc}
	0.026	0.024	0.018	0.060	0.094	0.045	0.035	0.037	0.044	0.048
Pity	2.69	2.77*	2.73	2.79	2.98 ^a	2.75 ^b	2.76 ^{bc}	2.73 ^b	2.63 ^{bd}	2.73^{b}
	0.029	0.026	0.020	0.065	0.102	0.049	0.038	0.041	0.047	0.052
Envy	2.02	1.93*	1.95	2.21*	1.96	1.90 ^a	1.94	1.99	2.04 ^b	2.00
	0.025	0.023	0.017	0.058	0.090	0.043	0.034	0.036	0.042	0.046
Moral	3.95	4.00	4.01	3.68*	4.08	3.98	4.00	3.94	3.96	3.99
	0.023	0.021	0.016	0.053	0.083	0.040	0.031	0.033	0.039	0.042

Table C.1 Continued

	Gende	er	Ethnic	ity	Social	Class				
Construct	Male	Female	White	Non-White	Α	В	C1	C2	D	E
Stereotype content- under 30 ³										
Friendly (warmth)	3.02	3.06	3.03	3.21*	3.01	3.02	2.99 ^a	3.10 ^b	3.12 ^b	3.00
	0.024	0.022	0.016	0.055	0.085	0.041	0.032	0.034	0.040	0.043
Capable (competence)	3.41	3.47	3.44	3.50	3.37	3.42	3.38 ^a	3.47 ^b	3.52 ^b	3.46
	0.024	0.022	0.017	0.056	0.087	0.042	0.032	0.035	0.041	0.044
Admiration	2.65	2.69	2.65	2.95*	2.80 ^b	2.64	2.61 ^a	2.74 ^b	2.69	2.67
	0.024	0.022	0.017	0.055	0.086	0.041	0.032	0.034	0.040	0.044
Pity	2.00	1.94	1.95	2.15*	1.97	1.86 ^a	1.97	1.94	2.01 ^b	2.05 ^b
	0.026	0.024	0.018	0.060	0.094	0.045	0.035	0.038	0.044	0.048
Envy	2.60	2.52*	2.55	2.55	2.69	2.57	2.58	2.57	2.52	2.48
	0.029	0.026	0.020	0.066	0.103	0.049	0.038	0.041	0.048	0.052
Moral	2.61	2.56	2.57	2.76*	2.51 ^c	2.50 ^a	2.51 ^a	2.66 ^b	2.71 ^{bd}	2.58
	0.025	0.023	0.017	0.058	0.090	0.043	0.033	0.036	0.042	0.046

³ Excluding 2005

Table C.1 Continued

	Gende	er	Ethnic	ity	Social	Class				
Construct	Male	Female	White	Non-White	Α	В	C1	C2	D	E
Perceived threat										
Threat to the economy 2004 and 2006	3.10	3.17*	3.15	2.93*	3.00 ^a	3.15	3.11	3.13	3.12	3.20 ^b
	0.024	0.022	0.016	0.057	0.083	0.041	0.032	0.033	0.040	0.042
Threat to the economy 2005 and 2008	2.32	2.38	2.37	2.21*	2.32	2.29 ^b	2.29 ^b	2.43 ^a	2.39	2.36
	0.026	0.024	0.018	0.053	0.103	0.047	0.035	0.039	0.042	0.045
Material threat ⁴	3.09	3.07	3.07	3.15	3.14	3.00 ^a	3.07	3.09	3.08	3.12 ^b
	0.021	0.019	0.014	0.042	0.077	0.037	0.028	0.031	0.034	0.035
Symbolic threat	3.26	3.28	3.27	3.29	3.22	3.23 ^a	3.24	3.30 ^b	3.28	3.29
	0.016	0.015	0.011	0.035	0.060	0.029	0.022	0.024	0.026	0.028
Expressions of prejudice										
Indirect prejudice ⁵	3.41	3.42	3.42	3.37	3.62 ^a	3.54 ^a	3.45 ^{bc}	3.34 ^{bde}	3.41 ^{bf}	3.33 ^{bd}
	0.017	0.015	0.011	0.037	0.059	0.029	0.023	0.024	0.027	0.029
									(contin	1\

⁴ Excluding 2005-2008

⁵ Excluding 2008

Table C.1 Continued

	Gende	er	Ethnic	ity	Socia	l Class				
Construct	Male	Female	White	Non-White	Α	В	C1	C2	D	E
Internal control of prejudice ⁶	8.04	8.49	8.37	7.24*	7.99	8.82 ^a	8.25	8.27	7.75 ^b	7.91
	0.172	0.175	0.124	0.394	0.743	0.263	0.221	0.249	0.294	0.546
External control of prejudice ⁷	7.65	8.34*	8.09	7.08*	8.49	8.72 ^a	7.72 ^b	8.06	7.52 ^b	7.51
	0.185	0.189	0.134	0.425	0.802	0.284	0.238	0.268	0.317	0.589
Direct prejudice ⁸ people over 70	4.01	4.15*	4.09	4.06	4.12	4.09	4.09	4.12	4.06	4.08
	0.016	0.014	0.011	0.033	0.061	0.028	0.021	0.022	0.025	0.027
Direct prejudice people under 30	3.56	3.68*	3.62	3.62	3.74	3.67 ^a	3.64	3.62	3.65 ^a	3.54 ^b
	0.022	0.020	0.015	0.051	0.084	0.038	0.030	0.032	0.036	0.039

⁶ Only 2008

⁷ Only 2008

⁸ Excluding 2004

Table C.1 Continued

	Gende	er	Ethnic	ity	Social	Class				
Construct	Male	Female	White	Non-White	Α	В	C1	C2	D	E
Employment relations with over 70's	2.33	2.30	2.30	2.38	2.28	2.30	2.32	2.29	2.32	2.33
	0.020	0.019	0.014	0.044	0.076	0.036	0.027	0.029	0.033	0.039
Employment relations with under 30's	2.55	2.56	2.54	2.64	2.62	2.57	2.52	2.54	2.56	2.58
	0.023	0.021	0.016	0.050	0.086	0.040	0.031	0.033	0.037	0.043
Intergenerational closeness										
Similarity 2004	2.76	2.73	2.73	2.85*	2.42 ^a	2.70 ^{bc}	2.77 ^b	2.78 ^b	2.82 ^{bd}	2.74 ^b
	0.024	0.021	0.016	0.049	0.076	0.038	0.028	0.032	0.044	0.048
One common group ⁹	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.09	0.07 ^a	0.08 ^a	0.10 ^a	0.13 ^b	0.13 ^b
	0.007	0.006	0.005	0.015	0.024	0.011	0.008	0.010	0.012	0.013
Separate groups ¹⁰	0.24	0.18*	0.20	0.24	0.22	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.24	0.19
	0.009	0.008	0.006	0.020	0.032	0.015	0.011	0.013	0.016	0.018
Separate individuals ¹¹	0.46	0.52*	0.50	0.38*	0.49	0.53 ^a	0.49	0.48 ^b	0.45 ^b	0.50

⁹ Excluding 2004

¹⁰ Excluding 2004

¹¹ Excluding 2004

0.011 0.010 0.008 0.025 0.040 0.018 0.014 0.016 0.020 0.022

(continued)

Table C.1 Continued

	Gende	er	Ethnic	ity	Social	Class				
Construct	Male	Female	White	Non-White	Α	В	C1	C2	D	E
Groups in same community 12	0.21	0.20	0.20	0.27*	0.20	0.19	0.23 ^a	0.22	0.18 ^b	0.18 ^b
	0.009	0.008	0.006	0.020	0.032	0.015	0.011	0.013	0.016	0.018
Contact 70	0.50	0.53*	0.52	0.45*	0.56	0.53	0.51	0.52	0.50	0.52
	0.009	0.008	0.006	0.019	0.031	0.015	0.012	0.012	0.014	0.015
Contact 30	0.63	0.59*	0.61	0.58	0.64	0.59	0.62	0.62	0.59	0.61
	0.010	0.009	0.007	0.023	0.037	0.018	0.014	0.014	0.017	0.018

NOTE. Significant differences are p < .05; Means with different superscript letters differ significantly differ from each other p < .05 a's differ from b's, c's differ from d's and e's differ from f's, means with the same letter do not differ from each other.

¹² Excluding 2004

Table C.2 Means and standard errors (*italicised*) for all items by working status, tenure and marital status. Significant pair-wise comparisons are marked.

	Workii	ng statu	S		Tenure				Marital st	atus
Construct	Full Time	Part Time	Not Workir	Retired ng	Mortga	nge Owned outright	Rented from L		Married N	lot-married
Age categorisation and identification ¹³										
Young age stop	47.71 ^b	47.29 ^b	47.02	44.79 ^a	47.28	45.80	46.81	47.11	47.21	46.06
	0.524	0.836	0.684	0.791	0.509	0.587	0.670	0.777	0.379	0.443
Old age start	64.36 ^d	64.69 ^{ad}	63.37 ^b	62.21 ^c	63.73	64.05	63.00	63.03	64.21	62.74*
	0.337	0.516	0.430	0.494	0.321	0.366	0.420	0.495	0.238	0.280
Age self-categorisation	4.77	4.69	4.70	4.82	4.78	4.71	4.81	4.76	4.76	4.76
	0.037	0.055	0.046	0.049	0.035	0.037	0.044	0.052	0.025	0.029
Age identification	3.21 ^a	3.22 ^a	3.23 ^a	3.53 ^b	3.31	3.29	3.34	3.31	3.27	3.37*
	0.033	0.049	0.041	0.045	0.031	0.034	0.040	0.047	0.023	0.026

¹³ Excluding 2005

Table C.2 Continued

	Worki	ng statu	S		Tenure)			Marital st	atus
Construct	Full Time	Part Time	Not Workii	Retired ng	Mortga	nge Owned outright	Rented from L		Married N	lot-married
Perceived prejudice										
Perceived frequency of prejudice 14	1.92 ^a	1.91 ^a	1.87 ^a	1.77 ^b	1.90	1.89	1.83	1.82	1.86	1.87
	0.028	0.043	0.034	0.042	0.027	0.031	0.033	0.042	0.020	0.023
Prejudice in the media ⁹	0.21	0.18	0.20	0.24	0.20	0.16 ^a	0.26 ^b	0.26	0.20	0.22
	0.027	0.042	0.033	0.041	0.026	0.031	0.032	0.042	0.019	0.022
Prejudice towards people over 50 ¹⁵	2.84	2.98 ^a	2.80 ^b	2.97 ^a	2.93 ^b	2.87	2.79 ^a	2.98 ^b	2.90	2.88
	0.042	0.064	0.054	0.057	0.040	0.043	0.051	0.061	0.029	0.034
Seriousness of discrimination ¹⁰	2.46 ^a	2.49 ^a	2.43 ^a	2.71 ^b	2.50	2.52	2.57	2.56	2.55	2.51
	0.025	0.037	0.032	0.034	0.024	0.026	0.030	0.036	0.017	0.020
Experiences of discrimination										
Age-related discrimination	0.22 ^a	0.22 ^a	0.25 ^a	0.31 ^b	0.25	0.27	0.25	0.25	0.23	0.29
	0.010	0.015	0.012	0.014	0.009	0.010	0.011	0.014	0.007	0.008

¹⁴ Only 2005

¹⁵ Excluding 2005 and 2008

Table C.2 Continued

	Workii	ng statu	IS		Tenure	•			Marital st	atus
Construct	Full Time	Part Time	Not Worki	Retired ng	Mortga	ge Owned outright	Rented from L		Married N	lot-married
Stereotype content										
Stereotype content- over 70										
Friendly (warmth)	3.56 ^a	3.47 ^a	3.56 ^a	3.76 ^b	3.59	3.61	3.60	3.60	3.58	3.63
	0.032	0.048	0.040	0.044	0.030	0.033	0.039	0.046	0.022	0.026
Capable (competence)	2.93	2.92	2.93	2.99	2.93	2.94	3.00	2.90	2.95	2.93
	0.033	0.049	0.041	0.045	0.031	0.034	0.040	0.047	0.023	0.027
Admiration	3.12 ^a	3.03	3.01	3.00 ^b	3.07	2.99 ^a	3.10 ^b	3.10	3.06	3.04
	0.034	0.050	0.043	0.047	0.032	0.035	0.042	0.049	0.023	0.028
Pity	2.79 ^b	2.71 ^b	2.79 ^b	2.62 ^a	2.76 ^a	2.67 ^b	2.72 ^a	2.83 ^a	2.73	2.74
	0.037	0.055	0.046	0.051	0.035	0.038	0.045	0.053	0.025	0.030
Envy	1.98	1.90	2.02	1.96	1.94 ^a	1.90 ^a	2.07 ^b	2.08 ^b	1.97	1.98
	0.032	0.048	0.041	0.045	0.031	0.034	0.040	0.047	0.022	0.026
Moral	4.02	3.96	3.95	3.96	3.99	4.02 ^a	3.91 ^b	3.96	3.99	3.97
	0.030	0.045	0.038	0.042	0.029	0.031	0.037	0.043	0.021	0.024

Table C.2 Continued

	Workin	ng statu	s		Tenure)	Marital status			
Construct	Full Time	Part Time	Not Workii	Retired ng	Mortga	ge Owned outright	Rented from L		Married N	lot-married
Stereotype content- under 30 ¹⁶										
Friendly (warmth)	3.01	2.99	3.08	3.07	3.03	3.04	3.03	3.09	3.01	3.08
	0.031	0.046	0.039	0.043	0.029	0.032	0.038	0.044	0.021	0.025
Capable (competence)	3.42 ^b	3.30 ^a	3.44 ^b	3.53 ^b	3.45	3.43	3.44	3.46	3.43	3.46
	0.031	0.047	0.040	0.044	0.030	0.033	0.039	0.045	0.022	0.026
Admiration	2.65	2.62	2.68	2.73	2.61 ^a	2.67	2.75 ^b	2.75 ^b	2.64	2.72*
	0.031	0.046	0.039	0.043	0.030	0.033	0.038	0.045	0.022	0.025
Pity	2.00	1.91	1.97	1.95	1.90 ^a	1.94 ^a	2.05 ^b	2.08 ^b	1.99	1.93
	0.034	0.051	0.043	0.047	0.032	0.036	0.042	0.049	0.023	0.028
Envy	2.58	2.48 ^a	2.64 ^b	2.49	2.58	2.48 ^a	2.56	2.64 ^b	2.54	2.58
	0.037	0.055	0.047	0.052	0.035	0.039	0.046	0.053	0.026	0.030
Moral	2.57	2.53 ^a	2.66 ^b	2.58	2.54 ^a	2.58	2.66 ^b	2.61	2.58	2.60
	0.032	0.048	0.041	0.045	0.031	0.034	0.040	0.047	0.022	0.026

¹⁶ Excluding 2005

Table C.2 Continued

	Worki	ng statu	s			Tenure)				ľ	Marital st	atus	
Construct	Full Time	Part Time	Not Workii	Retired ng	d	Mortga		ned tright	Rented from L			Married N	lot-mar	ried
Perceived threat														
Threat to the economy 2004 and 2006	3.16	3.19	3.13	3.09		3.14	3.1	12	3.17	3.10		3.18	3.08*	
	0.031	0.046	0.041	0.041		0.029	0.03	31	0.037	0.045		0.021	0.025	
hreat to the economy 2005 and 2008	2.37	2.38	2.35	2.33		2.34	2.32		2.38	2.41		2.37	2.34	
	0.033	0.050	0.039	0.050		0.032	0.037		0.039	0.048		0.023	0.027	
laterial threat ¹⁷		3.04 ^a	3.06	3.07	3.15 ^b		3.06 ^a	3.06		3.11	3.15 ^b		3.09	3.06
	0.026	0.041	0.033	0.039		0.026	0.029		0.031	0.039		0.018	0.022	
Symbolic threat	3.25	3.27	3.28	3.27		3.28	3.23 ^a		3.31 ^b	3.28		3.27	3.26	
	0.021	0.032	0.026	0.029		0.020	0.022		0.025	0.030		0.015	0.017	

¹⁷ Excluding 2006 and 2008

Table C.2 Continued

	Working	g status	s		Tenure)	Marital status			
Construct		Part Time	Not Workir	Retired ng	Mortga	nge Owned outright	Rented from L		Married N	lot-married
Expressions of prejudice										
Indirect prejudice 18	3.42	3.42	3.45	3.38	3.43	3.38	3.43	3.45	3.42	3.41
	0.021	0.033	0.027	0.030	0.020	0.023	0.025	0.031	0.015	0.017
Internal control of prejudice 19	8.41 ^b 8	8.16	7.44 ^a	8.94 ^b	8.41	8.25	7.74	8.43	8.28	8.24
	0.213	0.321	0.274	0.372	0.209	0.252	0.321	0.313	0.159	0.191
External control of prejudice ²⁰	7.86 ^b 8	8.48 ^b	7.09 ^a	8.8 ^b	8.15	7.72	8.19	7.94	7.95	8.05
	0.230	0.347	0.296	0.401	0.225	0.272	0.347	0.337	0.172	0.206
Direct prejudice ²¹ people over 70	4.07	4.06	4.09	4.12	4.08	4.07	4.10	4.14	4.11	4.06*
	0.020	0.030	0.024	0.029	0.019	0.021	0.023	0.029	0.014	0.016

18 Excluding 2005

¹⁹ Only 2008

²⁰ Only 2008

²¹ Excluding 2004

Table C.2 Continued

	Workir	ng statu	s		Tenur	е	Marital status			
Construct	Full Time	Part Time	Not Workii	Retired ng	Mortg	age Owned outright	Rented from L		Married N	Not-married
Direct prejudice people under 30	3.63	3.58	3.59	3.66	3.60	3.66	3.59	3.65	3.64	3.61
	0.029	0.043	0.035	0.040	0.028	0.030	0.034	0.041	0.020	0.022
Employment relations with over 70's	2.30	2.29	2.32	2.34	2.33 ^a	2.39 ^a	2.25 ^b	2.19 ^b	2.31	2.31
	0.024	0.038	0.036	0.041	0.024	0.029	0.032	0.038	0.018	0.021
Employment relations with under 30's	2.57	2.51	2.59	2.52	2.57	2.56	2.54	2.50	2.59	2.50*
	0.027	0.042	0.040	0.046	0.027	0.033	0.036	0.043	0.020	0.024
ntergenerational closeness										
Similarity 2004	2.72	2.74	2.81	2.74	2.76	2.72	2.77	2.73	2.74	2.75
	0.028	0.044	0.038	0.046	0.027	0.032	0.040	0.044	0.020	0.026
One common group ²²	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.09	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.10	0.09
	0.008	0.013	0.011	0.013	0.008	0.009	0.011	0.013	0.006	0.007

²² Excluding 2004

Table C.2 Continued

	Working status					•	Marital status			
Construct	Full Time	Part Time	Not Workii	Retired ng	Mortga	age Owned outright	Rented from L		Married N	Not-married
Separate groups ²³	0.19 ^b	0.18 ^b	0.22	0.24 ^a	0.21 ^b	0.18 ^a	0.25 ^b	0.21	0.21	0.20
	0.011	0.018	0.015	0.018	0.011	0.013	0.015	0.017	0.008	0.009
Separate individuals ²⁴	0.52 ^a	0.51	0.46 ^b	0.48	0.49	0.51	0.46	0.51	0.49	0.50
	0.014	0.022	0.018	0.022	0.013	0.016	0.018	0.021	0.010	0.012
Groups in same community ²⁵	0.20	0.22	0.22	0.19	0.22	0.21	0.19	0.19	0.20	0.21
	0.011	0.018	0.015	0.018	0.011	0.013	0.015	0.017	0.008	0.009
Contact 70	0.49 ^a	0.50	0.53 ^b	0.53	0.49 ^a	0.56 ^b	0.51 ^a	0.50 ^a	0.52	0.51
	0.011	0.017	0.014	0.015	0.011	0.012	0.013	0.016	0.008	0.009
Contact 30	0.64 ^a	0.60	0.58 ^b	0.60	0.57 ^a	0.63 ^b	0.61 ^b	0.65 ^b	0.60	0.62
	0.013	0.020	0.017	0.018	0.013	0.014	0.016	0.019	0.009	0.011

²³ Excluding 2004

²⁴ Excluding 2004

²⁵ Excluding 2004

NOTE. Significant differences are p < .05; Means with different superscript letter pairs significantly differ from each other p < .05. a's differ from b's, c's differ from d's and e's differ from f's, means with the same letter do not differ from each other.